FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE

Power Blazer

NETWORK TESTING - TRANSPORT AND DATACOM





Fully integrated multiservice test solution supporting next-generation SONET/SDH, OTN, Ethernet and Fibre Channel test functions

- DS0/E0 to OC-192/STM-64/OTU2; 10 Mbit/s to 10 Gbit/s LAN/WAN as well as 1x, 2x, 4x and 10x Fibre Channel testing in the industry's smallest form factor
- Fully integrated solution for assessing the performance of Ethernet transport networks, including RFC 2544, BER testing and multistream generation and analysis
- Comprehensive Fibre Channel test capabilities, including framed and unframed BERT, buffer-to-buffer credit estimation and round-trip latency measurements
- OTN forward error correction (FEC) and optical channel data unit (ODU) multiplex testing capabilities as per ITU-T G.709
- Offers ODU0 (1.25 Gbit/s) container with Gigabit Ethernet and SONET/SDH client signals for qualifying newly and efficiently mapped transport and datacom services over OTN
- Supports circuit and packet ODUflex testing capabilities for optical transport network (OTN) bandwidth optimization
- Ethernet-over-SONET/SDH (EoS) testing via GFP, VCAT and LCAS software options
- Complete EtherSAMTM (ITU-T Y.156sam) test suite. EtherSAM is the new standard for testing Ethernet mobile backhaul and commercial services
- Complete carrier Ethernet services portfolio: PBB-TE, MPLS and IPv4/IPv6
- True wire-speed, stateful TCP throughput test for undisputable SLA reinforcement for Ethernet services

Broadband Gear Report 2008 Diamond





Platform Compatibility

- FTB-500 Platform
- FTB-200 Compact Platform







The Choice for Integrated Multiservice Transport Testing

The responsibilities of traditional SONET/SDH telecom field installation personnel have evolved over the last few years. With the advent of packet-aware SONET/SDH add-drop multiplexers—including multiservice transport platforms (MSTPs) and new reconfigurable add-drop multiplexers (ROADMs)—technicians must not only perform traditional SONET/SDH tests, but are now also responsible for verifying packet-based services such as Ethernet, 10 Gigabit Ethernet and Fibre Channel running over the same network elements.

This has resulted in a growing need for multitechnology test solutions to support the deployment, operation and maintenance of these multiservice platforms and the corresponding data-aware SONET/SDH networks.

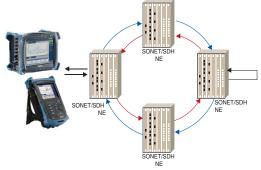
EXFO's FTB-8120NGE (2.5/2.7 Gbit/s) and FTB-8130NGE (10/11.3 Gbit/s) Power Blazer test modules have been designed to specifically address such field commissioning and maintenance requirements, providing SONET/SDH, Ethernet and Fibre Channel test functions in the industry's smallest and most efficient form factor and setting a new standard for multiservice field testing.

Scalable, High-Performance SONET/SDH Testing

SONET/SDH Service Turn-Up and Troubleshooting

The FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE Power Blazer modules offer a wide range of SONET/SDH test functions ranging from simple bit error rate (BER) testing to advanced characterization and troubleshooting procedures. These functions include:

- Mixed and bulk payload generation and analysis from 64 kbit/s to 10 Gbit/s
- High-order mappings: STS-1/3c/12c/48c/192c and AU-3/AU-4/AU-4-4c/16c/64c
- Low-order mappings: VT1.5/2/6, TU-11/12/2/3
- Unframed optical signal testing at 10 Gbit/s rate
- Section/RS, Line/MS, high-order (HO) and low-order (LO) path overhead manipulation and monitoring
- Section/RS, Line/MS, high-order and low-order path alarm/error generation and monitoring
- High-order and low-order pointer generation and monitoring
- K1/K2 OH byte capture
- Tandem connection monitoring
- Performance monitoring: G.821, G.826, G.828, G.829, M.2100, M.2101
- Frequency analysis and power measurement
- Payload block and replace
- Frequency offset generation
- DS1 loopcodes and NI/CSU loopback emulation
- Automatic protection switching (APS) and service disruption time (SDT) measurements
- Round-trip delay measurements
- DS1/DS3 auto detection of line-code framing and test pattern
- Dual DS1/DS3 receiver testing
- Independent transmitter and receiver testing
- Through mode analysis
- Intrusive Through mode
- Programmable error/alarm injection
- DS1 FDL
- Fractional T1/E1 testing
- DS3 FEAC



Housed in either the FTB-500 or FTB-200 platform, the FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE modules offer the solution for field circuit turn-up and troubleshooting.

Optical Transport Network Testing

OTN as per ITU-T G.709 has recently introduced two new concepts: ODU0 and ODUflex. ODU0 is a new virtual container of 1.25 Gbit/s bandwidth specifically defined for efficiently mapping Gigabit Ethernet services over OTN. As for ODUflex, it is the most efficient sub-wavelength bandwidth management capability for transport line rates of 10 Gbit/s, 40 Gbit/s and upcoming 100 Gbit/s. ODUflex allows providers to interconnect routers in ways that enable efficient bandwidth growth in steps of 1.25 Gbit/s, eliminating the need to allocate a full fixed-rate ODU container to each connection and allowing service providers to transport efficiently and seamlessly across lower-cost optical infrastructures.

With OTN deployments rapidly increasing, so does the need for smaller field-oriented OTN test equipment. The FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE Power Blazer modules offer OTN test capabilities for verifying compliancy with ITU-T G.709 standards. The tests include:

- OTU1 (2.7 Gbit/s) and OTU2 (10.7 Gbit/s) bit rates
- ODU0 (1.25 Gbit/s) container with Gigabit Ethernet and SONET/SDH client signals mapping
- ODUflex with Ethernet client signal mapping
- Over-clocked OTU2 rates: OTU1e (11.0491 Gbit/s), OTU2e (11.0957 Gbit/s), OTU1f (11.2701 Gbit/s) and OTU2f (11.3176 Gbit/s)
- Unframed optical signal testing at 10.7 Gbit/s, 11.0491 Gbit/s, 11.0957 Gbit/s, 11.2701 Gbit/s and 11.3176 Gbit/s rates
- Synchronous mapping of SONET/SDH signals within OTN as well as synchronous and asynchronous demapping
- Forward error correction (FEC) testing
- Service disruption time (SDT) measurements
- Round-trip delay (RTD) measurements
- OTU, ODU, OPU overhead manipulation and monitoring
- OTU, ODU (including ODU TCM), OPU layer alarms/errors generation and analysis
- OTU, ODU (including ODU TCM) trace messages
- Mux/demux of ODU1/ODU2 testing; generation of four ODU1 into a single ODU2 structure and transporting it over a single wavelength
- ODU multiplexing alarm-generation and analysis
- Through mode analysis
- Intrusive Through mode
- EoOTN testing using internally generated 10 GigE LAN and mapping onto OTU1e and OTU2e rates
- = 10 GigE LAN mapping into OTU2 using GFP-F



Power Blazer modules support G.709 testing in either the FTB-200 or FTB-500.

Next-Generation SONET/SDH Testing

Available next-generation SONET/SDH test functionalities include generic framing procedure (GFP), virtual concatenation (VCAT) and link capacity adjustment scheme (LCAS). These options are available when the FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE are housed in the FTB-500 platform.

GFP	VCAT	LCAS
 Generation and analysis of frame types (client management/client data) Alarm/error generation and monitoring Overhead manipulation and monitoring Transmission and reception statistics monitoring Supported over contiguous or VCAT containers 	 High-order and low-order VCAT support Simultaneous manipulation and monitoring of each member Alarm/error generation and monitoring Sequence-indicator manipulation and processing Group-summary monitoring Differential delay analysis and insertion 	 Emulation and analysis of LCAS protocol (Automatic and Manual modes) Source and sink state machines control and monitoring Real-time generation and monitoring of LCAS control fields Real-time insertion and monitoring of LCAS alarms/errors

SmartMode: Real-Time Signal Structure Discovery and Monitoring

EXFO's FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE Power Blazer modules support a unique feature called SmartMode. This provides users with full visibility of all high-order (STS/AU) and low-order (VT/TU) mixed mappings within the incoming SONET/SDH and OTN test signal.

SmartMode automatically discovers the signal structure of the OC-n/STM-n line including mixed mappings and virtual concatenation (VCAT) members. In addition to this in-depth multichannel visibility, SmartMode performs real-time monitoring of all discovered high-order paths and user-selected low-order paths simultaneously, providing users with the industry's most powerful SONET/SDH multichannel monitoring and troubleshooting solution. Real-time monitoring allows users to easily isolate network faults, saving valuable time and minimizing service disruption. SmartMode also provides one-touch test case start, allowing users to quickly configure a desired test path and SmartMode specific reporting.



FTB-8120NGE/8130NGESmartMode:multichannelsignaldiscoverywith real-time alarm scan (shown in the FTB-500 user interface).

Ethernet Performance Validation and Reliability

EXFO's FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE Power Blazers offer a wide range of Ethernet test functions aimed at performance validation and reliability testing.

Interfaces

These modules support multiple Ethernet interfaces, both electrical and optical.

Applications

The FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE Power Blazer modules deliver the features required to perform Ethernet service acceptance testing, namely RFC 2544 and BER testing.

ELECTRICAL	OPTICAL
= 10 Mbit/s	= 100 Mbit/s
100 Mbit/s	= 1000 Mbit/s (GigE)
= 1000 Mbit/s	= 10 Gbit/s (10 GigE)-
	FTB-8130NGE only

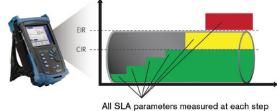
EtherSAM: The New Standard in Ethernet Testing

ITU-T Y.156sam is the newly introduced draft standard for turning-up and troubleshooting carrier Ethernet services. This new methodology is completely adapted to today's Ethernet services especially mobile backhaul and commercial services. Up to now, RFC 2544 has been the most widely used methodology. However, it was designed for network device testing in the lab, not for services testing in the field. Y.156sam is the first testing standard developed for the field. It has a number of advantages over the RFC 2544 including validation of critical SLA criteria such as packet jitter and QoS measurements. This methodology is also significantly faster, therefore saving time and resources while optimizing QoS.

Contrary to other methodologies, EtherSAM supports new multiservice offerings. It can simulate all types of services that will run on the network and simultaneously qualify all key SLA parameters for each of these services. Moreover, it validates the QoS mechanisms provisioned in the network to prioritize the different service types, resulting in more accurate validation and much faster deployment and troubleshooting. EtherSAM is comprised of two phases, the Network Configuration Test and the Service Test.

Network Configuration Test

The Network Configuration Test consists in sequentially testing each service. It validates that the service is properly provisioned and that all specific KPIs or SLA parameters are met.



All SLA parameters measured at each ste (throughput, latency, frame loss, jitter, OOS, pass/fail result

Service Test

Once the configuration of each individual service is validated, the Service Test simultaneously validates the quality of all the services over time.



EtherSAM Bidirectional Results

EXFO's EtherSAM approach proves even more powerful as it executes the complete ITU-T Y.156sam test with bidirectional measurements. Key SLA parameters are measured independently in each test direction, thus providing 100 % first-time-right service activation—that is the highest level of confidence in service testing.



RFC 2544 Testing

In cases where the Ethernet service is delivered via switched transport, the RFC 2544 measurements provide a baseline for service providers to define SLAs with their customers. They enable service providers to validate the quality of service (QoS) delivered and can provide them with a tool to create value-added services that can be measured and demonstrated to customers. For example, these tests provide performance statistics and commissioning verification for virtual LANs (VLANs), virtual private networks (VPNs) and transparent LAN services (TLS), all of which use Ethernet as an access technology.

The FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE Power Blazer modules come with a complete set of RFC 2544 test capabilities, including:

- Throughput testing
- Burst (back-to-back) testing
- Frame loss analysis
- Latency measurement

BER Testing

Because the transparent transport of Ethernet services over physical media is becoming common, Ethernet is increasingly carried across a variety of layer 1 media over longer distances. This creates a growing need for the certification of Ethernet transport on a bit-per-bit basis, which can be done using bit-error-rate testing (BERT).

BERT uses a pseudo-random binary sequence (PRBS) encapsulated into an Ethernet frame, making it possible to go from a frame-based error measurement to a bit-error-rate measurement. This provides the bit-per-bit error count accuracy required for the acceptance testing of physical-medium transport systems.

In addition to BER testing, the FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE Power Blazer modules also provide service disruption time (SDT) measurements.

Ethernet Quality of Service Measurements

Data services are making a significant shift toward supporting a variety of applications on the same network. Multiservice offerings such as triple-play services have fuelled the need for QoS testing to ensure the condition and reliability of each service and fully qualify SLA parameters. The FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE allow service providers to simultaneously simulate and qualify different applications through its multiple stream application. The user has the capability to configure up to 10 streams with different Ethernet and IP QoS parameters such as VLAN ID (802.1Q), VLAN Priority (802.1p), VLAN stacking (802.1ad Q-in-Q), ToS and DSCP. Specific stream profiles to transmit Voice-over-IP (VoIP), video and data can be selected for each stream. For each stream, measurements for throughput, latency, frame loss and packet jitter (RFC 3393) are available simultaneously, allowing fast and in-depth qualification of all SLA criteria.

PBB-TE and MPLS: Carrier Ethernet Transport Solution Testing

As technologically-sophisticated business and residential consumers continue to drive demand for premium, high-bandwidth data services such as voice and video, service providers worldwide are evolving their transport infrastructures to support these bandwidth and quality intensive services. No longer is an all-IP core sufficient; providers must now expand their IP convergence to the edge/metro network, in a cost-effective, quality-assured manner.

Two Ethernet tunneling technologies address these requirements: Provider Backbone Bridge-Traffic Engineering or PBB-TE (also referred to as PBT) and transport MPLS. These two technologies enable connection-oriented Ethernet, providing carriers with a means of offering scalable, reliable and resilient Ethernet services. The PBB-TE and MPLS options on the FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE offer service providers a comprehensive field tool to efficiently qualify Ethernet services from end-to-end, validating metro and core tunneling technologies.

TCP Throughput

The Internet protocol (IP) and transmission control protocol (TCP) together form the essence of TCP/IP networking. While IP deals with the delivery of packets, TCP provides the integrity and assurance that the data packets transmitted by one host are reliably received at the destination. Applications such as hypertext transfer protocol (HTTP), e-mail or file transfer protocol (FTP) depend on TCP as their delivery assurance mechanism within networks. Customers deploying such applications expect not only physical and link level SLAs from their service providers, but assurance that their TCP traffic requirements will be supported across the network. The TCP throughout feature offers Ethernet service providers the capability of measuring and validating that the services offered to their customers support the TCP traffic performance they expect.

Ethernet Advanced Troubleshooting

The FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE provides a number of advanced features essential for in-depth troubleshooting in the event of network failures or impairments. The advanced filtering option allows the user to configure up to ten filters each with up to four operands, which will be applied to the received Ethernet traffic. Detailed statistics are available for each configured filter providing the user with critical information required to pinpoint specific problems. Other advanced troubleshooting tools include advanced auto-negation and flow control capabilities.

The FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE also supports full-line-rate data capture and decode. This key troubleshooting tool enables field technicians to easily identify complex network issues. The comprehensive capture feature includes the capability to configure capture filters and triggers to quickly zero-in on network events.

Fibre Channel Network Integrity Testing

EXFO's FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE Power Blazer modules also allow comprehensive testing capabilities for Fibre Channel network deployment.

Interfaces

These modules support multiple Fibre Channel interfaces:

INTERFACE	RATE (Gbit/s)
1x	1.0625
2x	2.125
4x	4.25
10x	10.51875

Applications

Since most SANs cover large distances and Fibre Channel has stringent performance attributes that must be respected, it is imperative to test at each phase of network deployment to ensure appropriate service levels. EXFO's FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE Fibre Channel option provides full wirespeed traffic generation at FC-0, FC-1 and FC-2 logical layers, allowing BER testing for link integrity measurements. Latency, buffer-to-buffer credit measurements for optimization, and login capabilities that enable end-to-end Fibre Channel network testing features are also supported.

Latency

Transmission of frames in a network is not instantaneous and is subject to multiple delays caused by the propagation delay in the fiber and by processing time inside each piece of network equipment. Latency is the total accumulation of delays between two end points. Some applications such as VoIP, video and storage area networks are very sensitive to excess latency.

It is therefore critical for service providers to properly characterize network latency when offering Fibre Channel services. From the latency measurement that they perform, the FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE modules estimate buffer-to-buffer credit value requirements.

Buffer-to-Buffer Credit Estimation

The buffer credit mechanism is the flow control engine for Fibre Channel. This is a crucial configuration parameter for optimal network performance. Usually, network administrators calculate the value by taking the traveled distance and the data rate into consideration; however, since latency issues are not considered, poor accuracy is to be expected. The FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE modules are capable of estimating buffer-credit values with respect to latency by calculating the distance according to the round-trip latency time.

Login Testing

Most new-generation transport devices (xWDM or SONET/SDH MUX) supporting Fibre Channel are no longer fully transparent; they also have increased built-in intelligence, acting more as Fibre-Channel switches. With switch fabric login ability, the FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE modules support connections to a remote location through a fabric or semi-transparent networks.

The login process not only permits the unit to connect through a fabric, but it also exchanges some of the basic port characteristics (such as buffer-to-buffer credit and class of service) in order to efficiently transport the traffic through the network.

The login feature allows automatic detection of port/fabric login, login status (successful login, in progress, failure and logout) and response to remote buffer-to-buffer advertised credit.

Unsurpassed Configuration and Operational Flexibility

Multiplatform Support and Versatility

The FTB-8120NGE and FTB-8130NGE modules share a unique architecture that allows them to be supported and interchangeable on the FTB-500 and FTB-200 platforms. This cross-platform support provides users with added flexibility to select the platform that best suits their testing needs. EXFO is the first and only test solution provider to offer this versatility, delivering single to multi-application test solutions with the same hardware module, which in turn dramatically reduces capital expenditures.

Once inserted into the FTB-200 Compact Platform, the FTB-8120NGE/FTB-8130NGE Power Blazer modules deliver the industry's most compact integrated SONET/SDH, Ethernet and Fibre Channel solution focused on field testing applications. Available with powerful options—high-precision power meter, visual fault locator and fiber inspection probe—the FTB-200 provides all the critical test tools required for day-to-day activities, eliminating the need to carry and manage multiple test sets.

Using the FTB-500 platform provides users with an all-in-one solution supporting a mix of SONET/SDH, OTN, Ethernet, Fibre Channel and optical-layer test modules, making it the industry's first truly integrated network testing platform. The resulting modularity enables users to upgrade their systems in the field according to their testing needs. This multitechnology test platform is the ideal solution for field, central office and lab applications.

Product Option Flexibility

With the FTB-8120NGE and FTB-8130NGE Power Blazer modules, users can purchase one or more next-generation options (e.g., GFP, VCAT, LCAS) and/or OTN options (OTU1, OTU2) via field upgrades to customize their configuration as new needs arise. This avoids having to perform complete hardware and/or platform retrofits, therefore significantly decreasing capital and training expenses.

Also, EXFO's FTB-8120NGE supports 1x/2x/4x Fibre Channel testing options, while the FTB-8130NGE supports 1x/2x/4x/10x Fibre Channel testing options.





Electrical Interfaces

The following section provides detailed information on all supported electrical interfaces.

		DS1	E1/	/2M	E2/8M	E3/34M	DS3/	45M	STS-1e/STM-0e/52M	E4/140M	STS-3e/STM-	1e/155M
Tx Pulse Amplitude		2.4 to 3.6 V	3.0 V	2.37 V	2.37 V	1.0 ± 0.1 V	0.36 to 0.85	i V		1.0 ± 0.1 Vpp	0.5 V	
Tx Pulse Mask		GR-499 Figure 9.5	G.703 Figure 15	G.703 Figure 15	G.703 Figure 16	G.703 Figure 17	DS-3 GR-499 Figure 9-8	45-M G.703 Figure 14	GR-253 Figure 4-10/4-11	G.703 Figure 18/19	STS-3e GR-253 Figure 4-12/4-13/4-14	STM-1e/155 G.703 Figure 4-14/
Tx LBO Preamplification		Power dBdsx +0.6 dBdsx (0-133 ft) +1.2 dBdsx (133-266 ft) +1.8 dBdsx (266-399 ft) +2.4 dBdsx (399-533 ft) +3.0 dBdsx (533-655 ft)					0 to 225 ft 225 to 450		0 to 225 ft 255 to 450 ft		0 to 225 ft	
Cable Simulation		Power dBdsx -22.5 dBdsx -15.0 dBdsx -7.5 dBdsx 0 dBdsx					450 to 900	(927) ft	450 to 900 (927) ft			
Rx Level Sensitivity		For 772 kHz: TERM: ≤26 dB (cable loss only) at 0 dBdsx Tx DSX-MON: ≤26 dB (20 dB resistive loss + cable loss ≤ 6 dB) Bridge: ≤6 dB (cable loss only) Note measurement unis = dBdsx	For 1024 kHz: TERM: ≤6 dB (cable loss only) MON: ≤25 dB (20 dB resistive loss + cable loss ≤ 6 dB) Bridge: ≤6 dB (cable loss only) Note measurement units = dBm	For 1024 kHz: TERM: ≤6 dB (cable loss only) MON: ≤26 dB (20 dB resistive loss + cable loss ≤ 6 dB) Bridge: ≤6 dB (cable loss only) Note: measurement units = dBm	For 4224 kHz: TERM: ≤6 dB (cable loss only) MON: ≤26 dB (20 dB resistive loss + cable loss ≤ 6 dB) Note: measurement units = dBm	For 17.184 MHz: TERM: ≤12 dB (coaxial cable loss only) MON: ≤26 dB (20 dB resistive loss + cable loss ≤ 6 dB)	For 22.368 TERM: ≤10 (cable loss or DSX-MON: (21.5 dB resi + cable loss	dB nly) ≤26.5 dB stive loss s ≤ 5 dB)	For 25.92 MHz: TERM: ≤10 dB (cable loss only) MON: ≤25 dB (20 dB resistive loss + cable loss ≤ 5 dB) Note: measurement units = dBm	For 70 MHz: TERM: ≤12 dB (coaxial cable loss only) MON: ≤26 dB (20 dB resistive loss + cable loss ≤ 6 dB) Note: measurement units = dBm	For 78 MHz: TERM: ≤12.7 dB (coaxial cable loss MON: ≤26 dB (20 dB resistive lo + cable loss ≤ 6	only) oss dB)
Transmit Bit Rate		1.544 Mbit/s ± 4.6 ppm	2.048 Mbit/s ± 4.6 ppm	2.048 Mbit/s ± 4.6 ppm	8.448 Mbit/s ± 4.6 ppm	34.368 Mbit/s ± 4.6 ppm	44.736 Mbit/s	± 4.6 ppm	51.84 Mbit/s ± 4.6 ppm	139.264 Mbit/s ±4.6 ppm	155.52 Mbit/s ± 4.0	6 ppm
Receive Bit Rate		1.544 Mbit/s ± 140 ppm	2.048 Mbit/s ± 100 ppm	2.048 Mbit/s ± 100 ppm	8.448 Mbit/s ± 100 ppm	34.368 Mbit/s ± 100 ppm	44.736 Mbit/s		51.84 Mbit/s ± 100 ppm	139.264 Mbit/s ± 100 ppm	155.52 Mbit/s ± 10	10 ppm
Measurement Accuracy (uncertainty)	Frequency Electrical Power	±4.6 ppm DSX range: ±1.0 dB DSX-MON range: ±2.0 dB	±4.6 ppm NORMAL: ±1.0 dB MONITOR: ±2.0 dB	±4.6 ppm NORMAL: ±1.0 dB MONITOR: ±2.0 dB	± 4.6 ppm NORMAL: ±1.0 dB MONITOR: ±2.0 dB	±4.6 ppm NORMAL: ±1.0 dB MONITOR: ±2.0 dB	±4.6 ppm DSX range: DSX-MON ran	±1.0 dB	±4.6 ppm DSX range: ±1.0 dB DSX-MON range: ±2.0 dB	±4.6 ppm NORMAL: ±1.0 dB MONITOR: ±2.0 dB	±4.6 ppm NORMAL: ±1.0 MONTOR: ±2.0 dB	
Peak-to-Peak Voltage		±10 % down to 500 mVpp	±10 % down to 500 mVpp	±10 % down to 500 mVpp	±10 % down to 400 mVpp	±10 % down to 200 mVpp	±10 % down to	200 mVpp	±10 % down to 200 mVpp	±10 % down to 200 mVpp	±10 % down to 200	тVрр
Frequency Offset Generation		1.544 Mbit/s ± 140 ppm	2.048 Mbit/s ± 70 ppm	2.048 Mbit/s ± 70 ppm	8.448 Mbit/s ± 50 ppm	34.368 Mbit/s ± 50 ppm	44.736 Mbit/s	± 50 ppm	51.84 Mbit/s ± 50 ppm	139.264 Mbit/s ± 50 ppm	155.52 Mbit/s ± 50) ppm
Intrinsic Jitter (Tx)		ANSI T1.403 section 6.3 GR-499 section 7.3	G.823 section 5.1	G.823 section 5.1	G.823 section 5.1	G.823 section 5.1 G.751 section 2.3	GR-449 sec (categories		GR-253 section 5.6.2.2 (category II)	G.823 section 5.1	G.825 section 5 GR-253 section	
Input Jitter Tolerance		AT&T PUB 62411 GR-499 section 7.3	G.823 section 7.1	G.823 section 7.1	G.823 section 7.1	G.823 section 7.1	GR-449 sect (categories	1011 1110	GR-253 section 5.6.2.2 (category II)	G.823 section 7.1 G.751 section 3.3	G.825 section 5.2 GR-253 section	
Line Coding		AMI and B8ZS	AMI and HDB3	AMI and HDB3	HDB3	HDB3	B3ZS		B3ZS	CMI	CMI	
Input Impedance (Resistive Termination)		100 ohms ± 5 %, balanced	120 ohms ± 5 %, balanced	75 ohms ± 5 %, unbalanced	75 ohms ± 5 %, unbalanced	75 ohms ± 5 %, unbalanced	75 ohms ± 5 unbalanced	%,	75 ohms ± 5 %, unbalanced	75 ohms ± 10 %, unbalanced	75 ohms ± 5 %, unbalanced	
Connector Type		BANTAM and RJ-48C	BANTAM and RJ-48C	BNC	BNC	BNC	BNC		BNC	BNC	BNC	

		INTERFACES
SYMU HRU	$\square \subseteq \Delta \cap \square \cap \square$	

	External Clock DS1/1.5M	External Clock E1/2M	External Clock E1/2M	Trigger 2 MHz
Tx Pulse Amplitude	2.4 to 3.6 V	3.0 V	2.37 V	0.75 to 1.5 V
Tx Pulse Mask	GR-499 figure 9.5	G.703 figure 15	G.703 figure 15	G.703 figure 20
Tx LBO Preamplification	Typical power dBdsx +0.6 dBdsx (0·133 ft) +1.2 dBdsx (133·266 ft) +1.8 dBdsx (266·399 ft) +2.4 dBdsx (299·533 ft) +3.0 dBdsx (533·655 ft)			
Rx Level Sensivity	TERM: s6 dB (cable loss only) (at 772 kHz for T1) DSX-MON: s26 dB (20 dB resistive loss + cable loss s 6 dB) Bridge: s6 dB (cable loss only)	TERM: s6 dB (cable loss only) MON: ≤26 dB (20 dB resistive loss + cable loss s 6 dB) Bridge: ≤6 dB (cable loss only)	TERM: ≼6 dB (cable loss only) MON: ≼26 dB (resistive loss + cable loss ≤ 6 dB) Bridge: ≼6 dB (cable loss only)	≤6 dB (cable loss only)
Transmission Bit Rate	1.544 Mbit/s ± 4.6 ppm	2.048 Mbit/s ± 4.6 ppm	2.048 Mbit/s ± 4.6 ppm	
Reception Bit Rate	1.544 Mbit/s ± 50 ppm	2.048 Mbit/s ± 50 ppm	2.048 Mbit/s ± 50 ppm	
Intrinsic Jitter (Tx)	ANSI T1.403 section 6.3 GR-499 section 7.3	G.823 section 6.1	G.823 section 6.1	G.703 table 11
Input Jitter Tolerance	AT&T PUB 62411 GR-499 SECTION 7.3	G.823 section 7.2 G.813	G.823 section 7.2 G.813	
Line Coding	AMI and B8ZS	AMI and HDB3	AMI and HDB3	
Input Impedance (Resistive Termination)	75 ohms ± 5 %, unbalanced	75 ohms ± 5 %, unbalanced	75 ohms ± 5 %, unbalanced	75 ohms ± 5 %, unbalanced
Connector Type	BNC ^a	BNC ^a	BNC	BNC

NOTE

a. Adaptation cable required for BANTAM.

Electrical Interfaces

850, 1310 nm/-3 dBm 1550 nm/+5 dBm

Wavelength/Max Tx level

Parameter	Value							
Tx pulse amplitude	600 ± 150 mV	ор						
Transmission frequency								
	SONET/SDH/ 10 GigE WAN	10 GigE LAN	OTU2	OTU1e	OTU2e	OTU1f	OTU2f	
Clock divider = 16	622.08 MHz	644.53 MHz	669.33 MHz	690.57 MHz	693.48 MHz	704.38 MHz	707.35 MHz	
Clock divider = 32	311.04 MHz	322.266 MHz	334.66 MHz	345.29 MHz	346.74 MHz	352.19 MHz	353.68 MHz	
Clock divider = 64	155.52 MHz	161.133 MHz	167.33 MHz	172.64 MHz	173.37 MHz	176.10 MHz	176.84 MHz	
Output configuration	AC coupled							
Load impedance	50 ohms							
Maximum cable length	3 meters							
Connector Type	SMA							

SONET/SDH and OTN Optical Interfaces

The following section provides detailed information on all supported SONET/SDH/OTN optical interfaces.

			003	3/STM-1			OC-12	/STM-4			OC-48/S	TM-16/OTU1			OC-192/STM-64/OTU2	
		15 km; 1310 nm	40 km; 1310 nm	40 km; 1550 nm	80 km; 1550 nm	15 km; 1310 nm	40 km; 1310 nm	40 km; 1550 nm	80 km; 1550 nm	15 km; 1310 nm	40 km; 1310 nm	40 km; 1550 nm	80 km; 1550 nm	10 km; 1310 nm	40 km; 1550 nm	80 km; 1550 nm
Tx Level		-5 to 0 dBm	-2 to 3 dBm	-5 to 0 dBm	-2 to 3 dBm	-5 to 0 dBm	-2 to 3 dBm	-5 to 0 dBm	-2 to 3 dBm	-5 to 0 dBm	-2 to 3 dBm	-5 to 0 dBm	-2 to 3 dBm	−6 to −1 dBm	-1 to 2 dBm	0 to 4 dBm
Rx Operating Range		-23 to -10 dBm	-30 to -15 dBm	-23 to -10 dBm	-30 to -15 dBm	-22 to 0 dBm	-27 to −9 dBm	-22 to 0 dBm	-29 to -9 dBm	-18 to 0 dBm	-27 to -9 dBm	-18 to 0 dBm	-28 to -9 dBm	-11 to -1 dBm	-14 to -1 dBm	-24 to -9 dBm
Transmit Bit Rate			155.52 Mbi	t/s ± 4.6 ppm			622.08 Mbit	's ± 4.6 ppm				bit/s ± 4.6 ppm ± 4.6 ppm (OTU1)		9.95328 Gbit/s ± 4.6 ppm (OC-192/STM-64)	9.95328 Gbi 10.70922 Gbit/s	
														10.70922 Gbit/s ± 4.6 ppm (OTU2) 11.0491 Gbit/s ± 4.6 ppm (OTU1e) 11.0957 Gbit/s ± 4.6 ppm (OTU2e) 11.2701 Gbit/s ± 4.6 ppm (OTU1f) 11.3176 Gbit/s ± 4.6 ppm (OTU2f)		
Receive Bit Rate			155.52 Mbit	i/s ± 100 ppm			622.08 Mbit/	s±100 ppm		2,66606 Gbits ± 100 ppm (OTU1) (OC-192/STM 10.70922 Gbits ± 100 ppm (OTU1) 11.0491 Gbits ± 120 p 11.0657 Gbits ± 120 p 11.2701 Gbits		9,95328 Gbit/s ± 100 ppm (OC-192/STM-64) 10,70922 Gbit/s ± 100 ppm (OTU2) 11,0491 Gbit/s ± 120 ppm (OTU1e) 11,0957 Gbit/s ± 120 ppm (OTU2e) 11,2701 Gbit/s ± 120 ppm (OTU1f) 11,3176 Gbit/s ± 120 ppm (OTU2f)	9.95328 Gbils ± 100 ppm 10.70922 Gbils ± 100 ppm (OTU2) 2) e) e) f)			
Operational Wavelength Range		1261 to 1360 nm	1263 to 1360 nm	1430 to 1580 nm	1480 to 1580 nm	1270 to 1360 nm	1280 to 1335 nm	1430 to 1580 nm	1480 to 1580 nm	1260 to 1360 nm	1280 to 1335 nm	1430 to 1580 nm	1500 to 1580 nm	1290 to 1330 nm	1530 to 1565 nm	1530 to 1565 nm
Spectral Width			1 nm (-20 dB)			1 nm (-	-20 dB)			1 nm (-20 dB)			1 nm (-20 dB)	
Frequency Offset Generation			±5	0 ppm			±50	ppm			±5	0 ррт		± 50 ppm ^b		
	Frequency			6 ppm			± 4.6 ppm			± 4.6 ppm			± 4.6 ppm			
Accuracy (uncertainty)	Optical Power			2 dB		±2 dB			± 2 dB			± 2 dB				
Maximum Rx before Damage ^c			3 (dBm			3 dBm			3 dBm			3 dBm			
Jitter Compliance			GR-253	(SONET)			GR-253	(SONET)		GR-253 (SONET)				GR-253 (SONET)		
			G.958 (SDH) G.958 (SDH)			G.958 (SDH) G.8251 (OTN)			G.825 (SDH) G.8251 (OTN)							
Line Coding			N	IRZ			N	RZ			N	RZ			NRZ	
Eye Safety						SFP/XFP transc	eivers comply with IEC	60825 and 21 CFR 1	040.10 (except for de	viations pursuant to La	ser Notice No. 50, dat	ed July 2001), for Cla	ss 1 or 1M lasers.			
Connector d			Dui	al LC			Dua	I LC			Du	al LC			Dual LC	
Transceiver Type ^e			S	FP .			S	FP .			9	FP			XFP	

NOTES

- a. SFP/XFP transceivers comply with IEC 60825 and 21 CFR 1040.10 (except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice 50, dated July, 2001), for Class 1 or 1M lasers.
- b. For OTU1e, OTU2e, OTU1f and OTU2f rates, the frequency offset generation is ± 115 ppm.
- c. In order not to exceed the maximum receiver power level before damage, an attenuator must be used.
- d. External adaptors can be used for other types of connectors. For example FC/PC.
- e. SFP/XFP compliance: The FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE selected SFP/XFP shall meet the requirements stated in the "Small Form-Factor Pluggable (SFP) Transceiver Multisource Agreement (MSA)". The FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE selected SFP/XFP shall meet the requirements stated in the "Specification for Diagnostic Monitoring Interface for Optical Xcvrs".

SONET/SDH Functional Specifications

SONET AND DSN		SDH AND PDH	
Optical interfaces	OC-3, OC-12, OC-48, OC-192	Optical interfaces	STM-1, STM-4, STM-16, STM-64
Available wavelengths (nm)	1310, 1550	Available wavelengths (nm)	1310, 1550
Electrical interfaces	DS1, DS3, STS-1e, STS-3e	Electrical interfaces ^a	1.5M (DS1), 2M (E1), 8M (E2), 34M (E3),
DS1 framing	Unframed, SF, ESF	2M framing	45M (DS3), 140M (E4), STM-0e, STM-1e Unframed, PCM30, PCM31, PCM30 CRC-4,
D00 (;	117 1140 015 5	014 0 414 4 4014 6	PCM31 CRC-4
DS3 framing	Unframed, M13, C-bit parity	8M, 34M, 140M framing	Unframed, framed
Clocking	Internal, loop-timed, external (BITS), inter-module	Clocking	Internal, loop-timed, external (MTS/SETS), 2 MHz, inter-module
Mappings b		Mappings b	
VT1.5	Bulk, DS1, GFP ^c	TU-11-AU-3, TU-11-AU-4	Bulk, 1.5M, GFP °
VT2	Bulk, E1, GFP °	TU-12-AU-3, TU-12-AU-4	Bulk, 1.5M, 2M, GFP°
VT6	Bulk, GFP°	TU-3-AU-4	Bulk, 34M, 45M, GFP °
STS-1 SPE	Bulk, DS3, GFP °	TU-2-AU-3, TU-2-AU-4	Bulk, GFP °
STS-3c	Bulk, E4, GFP °	AU-4	Bulk, 140M, GFP °
	Bulk, GFP °	A0-4	AU-4-4c/16c/64c Bulk, GFP °
STS-12c/48c/192c, SPE	,	ODII I I I I	
SONET overhead analysis	A1, A2, J0, E1, F1, D1-D12, K1, K2, S1, M0, E2, J1,	SDH overhead analysis	A1, A2, J0, E1, F1, D1-D12, K1, K2, S1, M0,
and manipulation	C2, G1, F2, H4, Z3, Z4, Z5, N1, N2, Z6, Z7	and manipulation	G1, F2, F3, K3, N1, N2, K4, E2, J1, C2, H4
Error insertion		Error insertion	
DS1	Framing bit, BPV, CRC-6, bit error	E1 (2M)	Bit error, FAS, CV, CRC-4, E-bit
DS3	BPV, C-bit, F-bit, P-bit, FEBE, bit error	E2 (8M), E3 (34M), E4 (140M)	Bit error, FAS, CV
STS-1e, STS-3e	Section BIP (B1), line BIP (B2), path BIP (B3),	STM-0e, STM-1e	RS-BIP (B1), MS-BIP (B2), HP-BIP (B3), MS-REI,
	BIP-2, REI-L, REI-P, REI-V, BPV, FAS, bit error		HP-REI, LP-BIP-2, LP-REI, CV, FAS, bit error
OC-3, OC-12,	Section BIP (B1), line BIP (B2), path BIP (B3),	STM-1, STM-4,	RS-BIP (B1), MS-BIP (B2), HP-BIP (B3), MS-REI,
OC-48, OC-192	BIP-2, REI-L, REI-P, REI-V, FAS, bit error	STM-16, STM-64	HP-REI, LP-BIP-2, LP-REI, CV, FAS, bit error
Error measurement	211 21 12 14 11 17 17 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Error measurement	111 112 211 21 21 112 112 113 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21
DS1	Framing bit, BPV, CRC-6, excess zeros, bit error	E1 (2M)	Bit error, FAS, CV, CRC-4, E-bit
DS3	BPV, C-bit, F-bit, P-bit, FEBE, bit error	E2 (8M), E3 (34M), E4 (140M)	Bit error, FAS, CV
		,,	
STS-1e, STS-3e	Section BIP (B1), line BIP (B2), path BIP (B3),	STM-0e, STM-1e	RS-BIP (B1), MS-BIP (B2), HP-BIP (B3), MS-REI,
	BIP-2, REI-L, REI-P, REI-V, BPV, FAS, bit error		HP-REI, LP-BIP-2, LP-REI, CV, FAS, bit error
OC-3, OC-12,	Section BIP (B1), line BIP (B2), path BIP (B3),	STM-1, STM-4,	RS-BIP (B1), MS-BIP (B2), HP-BIP (B3), MS-REI,
OC-48, OC-192	BIP-2, REI-L, REI-P, REI-V, FAS, bit error	STM-16, STM-64	HP-REI, LP-BIP-2, LP-REI, FAS, bit error
Alarm insertion		Alarm insertion	
DS1	LOS, RAI, AIS, OOF, pattern loss	E1 (2M)	LOS, LOS Mframe, LOS CRC Mframe, LOF,
			AIS, TS16 AIS, RAI, RAI Mframe, pattern loss
DS3	LOS, RDI, AIS, OOF, DS3 idle, pattern loss	E2 (8M), E3 (34M), E4 (140M)	LOS, LOF, RAI, AIS, pattern loss
STS-1e, STS-3e, OC-3,	LOS, LOF, SEF, AIS-L, RDI-L, AIS-P, LOP-P, LOM,	STM-0e, STM-1e, STM-1,	LOS, LOF, OOF, MS-AIS, MS-RDI, AU-AIS,
OC-12, OC-48, OC-192	PDI-P, RDI-P, ERDI-PCD, ERDI-PPD, ERDI-PSD,	STM-4, STM-16, STM-64	AU-LOP, H4-LOM, HP-PDI, ERDI-PSD,
00 12, 00 10, 00 102	UNEQ-P, AIS-V, LOP-V, RDI-V, ERDI-VCD, ERDI-VPD,	OTHER TO, OTHER OT	ERDI-PCD, ERDI-PPD, HP-UNEQ, TU-AIS,
	ERDI-VSD, RFI-V, UNEQ-V, pattern loss		LP-RFI, LP-RDI, ERDI-VCD, ERDI-VPD,
	ERDITYOD, RI ITY, ONLOTY, pattern loss		ERDI-VSD, LP-RFI, LP-UNEQ, pattern loss
Alexan detection		Alarm detection	ERDI-VOD, LF-RFI, LF-UNEQ, pattern loss
Alarm detection	100 1 (1 1 // 00) DAI AIO 005		100 100 1/6 100 000 1/6 100 105
DS1	LOS, loss of clock (LOC), RAI, AIS, OOF,	E1 (2M)	LOS, LOS Mframe, LOS CRC Mframe, LOC, LOF,
	pattern loss		AIS, TS16 AIS, RAI, RAI Mframe, pattern loss
DS3	LOS, LOC, RDI, AIS, OOF, DS3 idle, pattern loss	E2 (8M), E3 (34M), E4 (140M)	LOS, LOC, LOF, RAI, AIS, pattern loss
STS-1e, STS-3e, OC-3,	LOS, LOC, LOF, SEF, TIM-S, AIS-L, RDI-L, AIS-P,	STM-0e, STM-1e, STM-1,	LOS, LOF, LOC, OOF, RS-TIM, MS-AIS, MS-RDI,
OC-12, OC-48, OC-192	LOP-P, LOM, PDI-P, RDI-P, ERDI-PCD, ERDI-PPD,	STM-4, STM-16, STM-64	AU-AIS, AU-LOP, H4-LOM, HP-RDI, ERDI-PSD,
	ERDI-PSD, PLM/SLM-P, UNEQ-P, TIM-P, AIS-V,		ERDI-PCD, ERDI-PPD, HP-PLM/SLM, HP-UNEQ,
	LOP-V, RDI-V, ERDI-VCD, ERDI-VCD, ERDI-VPD,		HP-TIM, TU-AIS, LP-RFI, LP-RDI, ERDI-VPD,
	ERDI-VSD, RFI-V, UNEQ-V, TIM-V, PLM/SLM-V,		ERDI-VSD, LP-RFI, LP-UNEQ, LP-TIM, LP-PLM/SLM,
			pattern loss
	pattern loss		
	pattern loss Frequency alarm on all su	nnorted interfaces	patternioss
Patterns	pattern loss Frequency alarm on all su		patternioss
Patterns DS0	Frequency alarm on all su	Patterns	
Patterns DS0	Frequency alarm on all su 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000,		2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000,
	Frequency alarm on all su 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable	Patterns	2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable
DS0	Frequency alarm on all su 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors	Patterns E0 (64K)	2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors
DS0	Frequency alarm on all su 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1,	Patterns	2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1,
	Frequency alarm on all su 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, QRSS, 1-in-8, 1-in-16,	Patterns E0 (64K)	2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24,
DS0	Frequency alarm on all su 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, QRSS, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted),	Patterns E0 (64K)	2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1,
DS0	Frequency alarm on all su 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, QRSS, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), T1-DALY, 55-Octet, bit errors	Patterns E0 (64K) E1 (2M)	2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors
DS0	Frequency alarm on all su 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, QRSS, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), T1-DALY, 55-Octet, bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100,	Patterns E0 (64K)	2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100,
DS0	Frequency alarm on all su 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, QRSS, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), T1-DALY, 55-Octet, bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24 d,	Patterns E0 (64K) E1 (2M)	2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24 d, 32 bit
DS1 DS3	Frequency alarm on all su 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, QRSS, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), T1-DALY, 55-Octet, bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100,	Patterns E0 (64K) E1 (2M)	2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100,
DS0	Frequency alarm on all su 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, QRSS, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), T1-DALY, 55-Octet, bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24 d,	Patterns E0 (64K) E1 (2M)	2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24 d, 32 bit
DS1 DS3	Frequency alarm on all su 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, QRSS, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), T1-DALY, 55-Octet, bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24 d, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1,	E1 (2M) E2 (8M), E3 (34M), E4 (140M)	2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24 d, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100,
DS1 DS3	Frequency alarm on all su 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, QRSS, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), T1-DALY, 55-Octet, bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24 d, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, QRSS, 1-in-8, 1-in-16,	E1 (2M) E2 (8M), E3 (34M), E4 (140M)	2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24 d, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 32 bit
DS0 DS1 DS3 VT1.5/2/6	Frequency alarm on all su 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, QRSS, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), T1-DALY, 55-Octet, bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24 d, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E31-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, QRSS, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors	E1 (2M) E2 (8M), E3 (34M), E4 (140M) TU-11/12/2/3	2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24 d, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors
DS1 DS3	Frequency alarm on all su 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, QRSS, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), T1-DALY, 55-Octet, bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24 d, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, QRSS, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, QRSS, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors	E1 (2M) E2 (8M), E3 (34M), E4 (140M)	2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24 d, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100,
DS0 DS1 DS3 VT1.5/2/6	Frequency alarm on all su 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, QRSS, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), T1-DALY, 55-Octet, bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24 d, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E31-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, QRSS, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors	E1 (2M) E2 (8M), E3 (34M), E4 (140M) TU-11/12/2/3	2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E20-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 3-in-24 d, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors 2E9-1, 2E11-1, 2E15-1, 2E20-1, 2E23-1, 2E31-1, 1100, 1010, 1111, 0000, 1-in-8, 1-in-16, 32 bit programmable (inverted or non-inverted), bit errors

NOTES

- a. 1.5M (DS1) and 45M (DS3) interfaces described under SONET and DSn column.
- b. VCAT mappings are also available. Please refer to the VCAT section of this document for details.
- c. GFP supported only with purchase of GFP-F option.
- d. Not supported for E4 (140M).

SONET	NEXT-GENERATION	SDH
	Generic framing procedure (GFP)	
As per ITU-T G.7041, and ANSI T1.105.02		As per ITU-T G.7041, G.707, and ANSI T1.105.02
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PRBS pattern; Ethernet
	-	Ability to add/drop Ethernet payload to/from GFP
		mapped STM-n/OTU signal
11 0	Error insertion	Correctable core HEC, uncorrectable core HEC,
	End modulon	correctable type HEC, uncorrectable type HEC,
**		correctable extension HEC, uncorrectable extension HEC,
		payload FCS
	Error monitoring	Correctable core HEC, uncorrectable core HEC,
·	End monitoring	correctable type HEC, uncorrectable type HEC,
		correctable extension HEC, uncorrectable extension HEC,
		payload FCS
· · ·	Alarm inportion	. ,
-	Alam insertion	Loss of client signal (LOCS) and loss of client character
· ·		synchronization (LOCCS) with configurable time interval between
		10 and 1200 ms, loss of frame delineation (LFD), client forward
		defect indication (FDI), client reverse defect indication (RDI)
		and client defect clear indication (DCI)
	Alarm monitoring	Loss of client signal (LOCS), loss of client character
•		synchronization (LOCCS), loss of frame delineation (LFD),
		client forward defect indication (FDI), client reverse defect
		indication (RDI) and client defect clear indication (DCI)
Transmit: client data frames (including payload bytes),	Statistics	Transmit: client data frames (including payload bytes), client
client management frames, total frames, idle frames,		management frames, total frames, idle frames, GFP bandwidth
GFP bandwidth usage (%), GFP mapping efficiency (%)		usage (%), GFP mapping efficiency (%)
Receive: client data frames (including payload bytes),		Receive: client data frames (including payload bytes), client
client management frames, total frames, idle (control) frames,		management frames, total frames, idle (control) frames,
reserved (control) frames, invalid frames, discarded frames,		reserved (control) frames, invalid frames, discarded frames,
EXI mismatches, UPI mismatches, CID mismatches,		EXI mismatches, UPI mismatches, CID mismatches, GFP
		bandwidth usage (%), GFP mapping efficiency (%)
	Header manipulation	PTI, PFI, EXI, UPI, CID and spare (extension header) fields
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PLI, PTI, PFI, EXI, UPI, CID, spare (extension header) fields,
	····································	cHEC, tHEC, eHEC
	Virtual concatenation (VCAT)	
Supports high-order and low-order virtual concatenation		Supports high-order and low-order virtual concatenation
		as per ITU G.707
	Mannings	High-order
č	Mappingo	VC-3-Xv (X = 1 to 21)
		VC-4-Xv (X = 1 to 7)
		Low-order
		VC-11-Xv (X = 1 to 64)
V = 2-XV (X = 1 to 64)		VC-12-Xv (X = 1 to 64)
1011 00111 00112 0011		VC-3-Xv in AU-4 (X = 1 to 21)
	Alarm insertion	LOM, OOM1, OOM2, SQM
		VCAT and Path alarms can be generated independently
		on any member of a VCG
	Alarm monitoring	LOM, OOM1, OOM2, SQM, LOA
Analysis	Differential delay	Analysis
· ·		Range: 0 to 256 ms
Display: numerical and graphical		Display: numerical and graphical
Insertion		Insertion
Range: 0 to 256 ms		Range: 0 to 256 ms
Sequence range: 0 to 63	Sequence number	Sequence range: 0 to 63
Sequence range. 0 to 65		
Sequence range: 0 to 65 Sequence number monitoring: current AcSQ (accepted SQ) monitored against the ExSQ (expected SQ);	manipulation and processing	Sequence number monitoring: current AcSQ (accepted SQ) monitored against the ExSQ (expected SQ);
	As per ITU-T G.7041, and ANSI T1.105.02 PRBS pattern; Ethernet Ability to add/drop Ethernet payload to/from GFP mapped OC-n/OTU signal Correctable core HEC, uncorrectable core HEC, correctable extension HEC, uncorrectable extension HEC, payload FCS Correctable core HEC, uncorrectable core HEC, correctable extension HEC, payload FCS Correctable extension HEC, uncorrectable extension HEC, payload FCS Loss of client signal (LOCS) and loss of client character synchronization (LOCCS) with configurable time interval between 10 and 1200 ms, loss of frame delineation (LFD), client forward defect indication (FDI), client reverse defect indication (RDI) and client defect clear indication (DCI) Loss of client signal (LOCS), loss of frame delineation (LFD), client forward defect indication (LOCCS), loss of frame delineation (LFD), client forward defect indication (FDI), client reverse defect indication (RDI) and client defect clear indication (DCI) Transmit: client data frames (including payload bytes), client management frames, total frames, idle frames, GFP bandwidth usage (%), GFP mapping efficiency (%) Receive: client data frames (including payload bytes), client management frames, invalid frames, discarded frames, EXI mismatches, UPI mismatches, CID mismatches, GFP bandwidth usage (%), GFP mapping efficiency (%) PTI, PFI, EXI, UPI, CID and spare (extension header) fields PLI, PTI, PFI, EXI, UPI, CID, spare (extension header) fields, cHEC, tHEC, eHEC Supports high-order and low-order virtual concatenation as per ANSI T1.105 High-order STS-1-Xv (X = 1 to 64) VT-2-Xv (X = 1 to 64) VT-2-Xv (X = 1 to 64) LOM, OOM1, OOM2, SQM VCAT and Path alarms can be generated independently on any member of a VCG LOM, OOM1, OOM2, SQM, LOA Analysis Range: 0 to 256 ms Display: numerical and graphical Insertion	As per ITU-T G.7041, and ANSI T1.105.02 PRBS pattern; Ethernet Ability to add/drop Ethernet payload to/from GFP mapped OC-n/OTU signal Correctable core HEC, uncorrectable core HEC, correctable by the HEC, uncorrectable type HEC, correctable extension HEC, payload FCS Correctable core HEC, uncorrectable core HEC, correctable extension HEC, payload FCS Correctable type HEC, uncorrectable core HEC, correctable type HEC, uncorrectable type HEC, correctable type HEC, uncorrectable type HEC, correctable type HEC, uncorrectable type HEC, correctable extension HEC, payload FCS Loss of client signal (LOCS) and loss of client character synchronization (LOCCS) with configurable time interval between 10 and 1200 ms, loss of frame delineation (LPD), client orward defect indication (FDI), client reverse defect indication (RDI) and client defect clear indication (PDI), client reverse defect indication (RDI) and client defect clear indication (PDI), client reverse defect indication (RDI) and client defect clear indication (PDI), client reverse defect indication (RDI) and client defect clear indication (PDI), client reverse defect indication (RDI) and client defect clear indication (PDI), client reverse defect indication (RDI) and client defect clear indication (PDI), client management frames, total frames, defect clear indication (PDI) and client defect clear indication (PDI) (PDI) and payload bytes), client management frames, total frames, idle frames, experived (control) frames, invalid frames, discorded frames, EXI mismatches, UPI mismatches, CID mismatches, GP bandwidth usage (%), GPP mapping efficiency (%) PTI, PPI, EXI, UPI, CID, spare (extension header) fields PLI, PTI, PPI, EXI, UPI, CID, spare (extension header) fields PLI, PTI, PPI, EXI, UPI, CID, spare (extension header) fields PLI, PTI, PPI, EXI, UPI, CID, spare (extension header) fields PLI, PTI, PPI, EXI, UPI, CID, spare (extension header) fields PLI, PTI, PPI, EXI, UPI, CID, spare (extension header) fields PLI, PTI, PTI, EXI, UPI, CID, spare (extension header)

SONET/SDH Functional Specifications (Cont'd)

NEXT-GENERATION SONET/SDH (CONT'D) Link capacity adjustment scheme (LCAS)						
Standards compliance	As per ITU G.7042; supported for both low-order and high-order VCAT groups					
Test functions	Emulation of source and sink state machines					
	Automatic and manual control of source and sink state machines					
	Independent overwrite capability at the source and sink for each member					
	Automatic SQ management					
Source state machine control	Add/remove member(s)					
	Configure: RS-ACK timeout, remote DUT, PLCT threshold					
	Statistics count: received RS-ACK, unexpected RS-ACK					
	Error/alarm generation: CRC errors, group ID (GID) mismatch					
	= Error/alarm monitoring: loss of partial transport capacity, loss of total transport capacity, failure of protocol transmission,					
	CRC errors, unexpected member status					
Sink state machine control	■ Add/remove member(s)					
	Configure Hold-Off and Wait-to-Restore timers, PLCR threshold					
	■ Toggle RS-ACK					
	Statistics count: transmitted RS-ACK					
	= Error/alarm generation: CRC errors, group ID (GID) mismatch					
	= Error/alarm monitoring: loss of partial transport capacity, loss of total transport capacity, failure of protocol reception,					
	CRC errors, unexpected member status					

ADDITIONAL TEST AND	MEASUREMENT FUNCTIONS
Power measurements	Supports power measurements, displayed in dBm (dBdsx for DS1), for optical and electrical interfaces.
Frequency measurements	Supports clock frequency measurements (i.e., received frequency and deviation of the input signal clock from nominal frequency), displayed in ppm and b/s (bps),
,	for optical and electrical interfaces.
Frequency offset generation	Supports offsetting the clock of the transmitted signal on a selected interface to exercise clock recovery circuitry on network elements.
Dual DSn receivers	Supports two DS1 or DS3 receivers, allowing users to simultaneously monitor two directions of a circuit under test in parallel, resulting in quick isolation
	of the source of errors.
Performance monitoring	
The following ITU-T recommendations, and co	orresponding performance monitoring parameters, are supported on the FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE.
ITU-T recommendation	Performance monitoring statistics
G.821	ES, EFS, EC, SES, UAS, ESR, SESR, DM
G.826	ES, EFS, EB, SES, BBE, UAS, EFS, SESR, BBER
G.828	ES, EFS, EB, SES, BBE, SEP, UAS, ESR, SESR, BBER, SEPI
G.829	ES, EFS, EB, SES, BBE, UAS, ESR, SESR, BBER
M.2100	ES, SES, UAS, ESR, SESR
M.2100 M.2101	ES, SES, BBE, UAS, ESR, SESR, BBER
Pointer adjustment and analysis	EO, OLO, BBE, OAO, EON, OLON, BBEN
	U pointer adjustments as per GR-253, and ITU-T G.707
Generation	Analysis
Pointer increment and decrement	• Pointer increments
	Pointer decrements
Pointer jump with or without NDF Pointer value	Pointer jumps (NDF, no NDF)
Politier value	Pointer Jumps (NDF, no NDF) Pointer value and cumulative offset
D	Ability to inject errors/alarms in the following modes: Manual, Constant Rate, Burst, Periodic Burst and Continuous.
Programmable error/alarm injection Service disruption time (SDT) measurements	
Service disruption time (SDT) measurements	backup channels.
	User-selectable triggers: all supported alarms and errors. Measurements: last disruption, shortest disruption, longest disruption, average disruption, total disruption, and service disruption count.
Round-trip delay (RTD) measurements	The round-trip delay test tool measures the time required for a bit to travel from the FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE transmitter back to its receiver after crossing a far-
Round-inp delay (RTD) measurements	end loopback. Measurements are supported on all supported FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE interfaces and mappings.
	Measurements: last RTD time, minimum, maximum, average, measurement count (no. of successful RTD tests), failed measurement count.
APS message control and monitoring	Ability to monitor and set up automatic protection switching messages (K1/K2 byte of SONET/SDH overhead).
Synchronization status	Ability to monitor and set up synchronization status messages (K17K2 byte of SONET/SDH overhead).
Signal label control and monitoring	Ability to monitor and set up payload signal labels (C2, V5 byte of SONET overhead).
Through mode	Ability to perform Through mode analysis of any incoming electrical (DSn, PDH) and optical line (OC-3/STM-1, OC-12/STM-4, OC-48/STM-16, OC-192/STM-64,
i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	OTU1, OTU2, OTU1e and OTU2e) either transparently or intrusively.
M13 mux/demux	Ability to multiplex/demultiplex a DS1 signal into/from a DS3 signal. (Note: E1 to DS3 mux/demux available with G.747 software option.)
DS1 FDL	Support for DS1 Facility Data Link testing.
DS1 loopcodes	Support for generation of DS1 in-band loopcodes with the availability of up to 10 pairs of user-defined loopcodes.
NI/CSU loopback emulation	Ability to respond to DS1 in-band/out-of-band loopcodes will the availability of up to 10 pairs of user defined dopcodes.
DS3 FEAC	Support for DS3 for-end alarms and loopback codewords.
DS1/DS3 auto detection	Ability to automatically detect DS1/DS3 line coding, framing and test pattern.
Tandem connection monitoring (TCM) a	Tandem connection monitoring (TCM), Option 2 ^b , is used to monitor the performance of a subsection of a SONET/SDH path routed via different network providers.
Tandem connection monitoring (TOW)	The FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE supports transmitting and receiving alarms and errors on a TCM link; also, transmission and monitoring of the tandem connection
	(TC) trace can be generated to verify the connection between TCM equipment.
	Error generation: TC-IEC, TC-BIP, TC-REI, OEI
	Error analysis: TC-IEC, TC-REI, OEI, TC-VIOL
	Alarm generation: TC-RDI, TC-UNEQ, ODI, TC-LTC, TC-IAIS
Payload block and replace	Alarm analysis: TC-TIM, TC-RDI, TC-UNEQ, ODI, TC-LTC, TC-IAIS Ability to terminate and analyze a specific high-order path element and replace it with a PRBS pattern on the TX side.
K1/K2 OH byte capture	Ability to capture K1/K2 OH byte value transitions.
KT/M2 OTT byte capture	nullity to capture KT/KZ OTT byte value transitions.

NOTES

- a. HOP and LOP supported.
- b. G.707 option 2.

SONET/SDH Functional Specifications (Cont'd)

ADDITIONAL FEATURES	
Scripting	The built-in scripting engine and embedded macro-recorder provide a simple means of automating test cases and routines. Embedded
	scripting routines provide a powerful means of creating advanced test scripts. Available only on the FTB-500 platform.
Reports	Supports generation of test reports in .html, .csv, .txt, .pdf formats.
	Contents of reports are customizable by the user.
Power-up and restore	In the event of a power failure to the unit, the active test configuration and test logger are saved and restored upon bootup.
Store and load configurations	Ability to store and load test configurations to/from non-volatile memory.
Alarm hierarchy	Alarms are displayed according to a hierarchy based on root cause. Secondary effects are not displayed.
	This hierarchy serves to facilitate alarm analysis.
Configurable test views	This allows users to customize their test views; i.e., to dynamically insert or remove test tabs/windows, in addition to creating new test
	windows, so as to accurately match their testing needs. Available only on the FTB-500 user interface.
Configurable test timer	Provides the ability for a user to set pre-defined test start and stop times.
Remote control	Available with Windows-based remote management software known as Visual Guardian Lite (optional software package).
	This allows users to remotely monitor and control the FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE modules via standard Ethernet connection.

OTN Functional Specifications

OTN	
Standards compliance	ITU-T G.709. ITU G.798. ITU G.872
Interfaces	OTU1 (2.7 Gbit/s), OTU2 (10.7 Gbit/s), OTU1e (11.0491 Gbit/s), OTU2e (11.0957 Gbit/s), OTU1f (11.2701 Gbit/s), OTU2f (11.3176 Gbit/s)
Client types a	All supported SONET/SDH mappings (including next-generation GFP, VCAT, LCAS), NULL, PRBS (2E31-1), ODU1 into OTU2 multiplexing
OTU Layer	: a sepposed 65:12:105:
Errors	OTU-FAS. OTU-MFAS. OTU-BEI. OTU-BIP-8
Alarms	LOF, OOF, LOM, OOM, OTU-AIS, OTU-TIM, OTU-BDI, OTU-BAE, OTU-BIAE
Traces	64-bytes Trail Trace Identifier (TTI) as defined in ITU-T G.709
ODU TCM Layer	
Errors	TCMi-BIP-8. TCMi-BEI (i = 1 to 6)
Alarms	TCMi-LTC, TCMi-TIM, TCMi-BDI, TCMi-BAE, TCMi-BIAE
Traces	64-bytes Trail Trace Identifier (TTI) as defined in ITU-T G.709
ODU Layer	
Errors	ODU-BIP-8. ODU-BEI
Alarms	ODU-AIS, ODU-OCI, ODU-LCK, ODU-TIM, ODU-BDI, ODU-FSF, ODU-BSF, ODU-FSD, ODU-BSD
Traces	Generates 64-bytes Trail Trace Identifier (TTI) as defined in ITU-T G.709
FTFL ^b	As defined in ITU-T G.709
ODU0	
Muxing	ODU0 into ODU1, ODU0 into ODU2
Client types	Pattern, OC-3/STM-1, OC-12/STM-4, GigE using GFP-T
GFP-T errors	SB Correctable, SB Uncorrectable, 10B ERR
ODU Multiplexing c	
Alarms	OPU-MSIM, ODU-LOFLOM
ODUflex	
Muxing	ODUflex into ODU2
Client types	Ethernet using GFP-F or pattern for constant bit rate (CBR)
OPU Layer	
Alarm	OPU-PLM, OPU-CSF, OPU-AIS
Payload type (PT) label	Generates and displays received PT value
GMP errors	Cm CRC-8, CnD CRC-5
Forward Error Correction (FEC)	
Errors	FEC-Correctable (Codeword), FEC-Uncorrectable (Codeword), FEC-Correctable (Symbol), FEC-Correctable (Bit), and FEC-Stress (Codeword)
Ethernet over OTN (EoOTN) c	
Mapping	Direct mapping into OTU1e or OTU2e; or using GFP-F into OTU2; or using GFP-T into ODU0; or using GFP-F into ODUflex
BERT	Framed layer 2 supported with or without VLAN
Pattern	PRBS 2E9-1, PRBS 2E11-1, PRBS 2E15-1, PRBS 2E20-1, PRBS 2E23-1, PRBS 2E31-1 and up to 10 user patterns Capability to invert patterns
Error insertion	FCS, 64B/66B block (10 GigE), symbol (GigE), bit
Error measurement	Jabber/giant, runt, undersize, oversize, FCS, 64B/66B block (10 GigE), symbol (GigE), idle (GigE), false carrier (GigE)
Error measurement (BERT)	Bit error, bit mismatch 0, bit mismatch 1
Alarm insertion	Link down, local fault, remote fault, pattern loss
Alarm detection	Link down, local fault, remote fault, pattern loss
VLAN	Capability to generate one stream with one layer of VLAN
Ethernet statistics	Multicast, broadcast, unicast, N-unicast, frame size distribution, bandwidth, utilization, frame rate

ADDITIONAL FUNCTION

Service disruption time (SDT) measurements	The service disruption time test tool measures the time during which there is a disruption of service due to the network switching from the active channels to the backup channels.
	User-selectable triggers: all supported alarms and errors.
	Measurements: last disruption, shortest disruption, longest disruption, average disruption, total disruption, and service disruption count.
Round-trip delay (RTD) measurements	The round-trip delay test tool measures the time required for a bit to travel from the FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE transmitter back to its receiver after crossing a far-end loopback.
	Measurements are supported on all supported FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE interfaces and mappings.
	Measurements: last RTD time, minimum, maximum, average, measurement count (no. of successful RTD tests), failed measurement count.

- NOTES

 a. Available with ODUMUX option.
 b. Fault type and fault location.
 c. Available on the FTB-8130NGE only.

Ethernet Interfaces

ELECTRICAL INTERFACES

	10Base-T	100Base-T	1000Base-T
Tx bit rate	10 Mbit/s	125 Mbit/s	1 Gbit/s
Tx accuracy (uncertainty) (ppm)	±100	±100	±100
Rx bit rate	10 Mbit/s	125 Mbit/s	1 Gbit/s
Rx measurement accuracy (uncertainty) (ppm)	±4.6	±4.6	±4.6
Duplex mode	Half and full duplex	Half and full duplex	Full duplex
Jitter compliance	IEEE 802.3	IEEE 802.3	IEEE 802.3
Connector	RJ-45	RJ-45	RJ-45
Maximum reach (m)	100	100	100

100 MBIT/S AND GIGE OPTICAL INTERFACES

	100Base-FX	100Base-LX	1000Base-SX	1000Base-LX	1000Base-ZX
Wavelength (nm)	1310	1310	850	1310	1550
Tx level (dBm)	−20 to −15	−15 to −8	−9 to −3	−9.5 to −3	0 to 5
Rx level sensitivity (dBm)	-31	-28	-20	-22	-22
Maximum reach	2 km	15 km	550 m	10 km	80 km
Transmission bit rate (Gbit/s)	0.125	0.125	1.25	1.25	1.25
Reception bit rate (Gbit/s)	0.125	0.125	1.25	1.25	1.25
Tx operational wavelength range (nm)	1280 to 1380	1261 to 1360	830 to 860	1270 to 1360	1540 to 1570
Measurement accuracy (uncertainty)					
Frequency (ppm)	±4.6	±4.6	±4.6	±4.6	±4.6
Optical power (dB)	±2	±2	±2	±2	±2
Maximum Rx before damage (dBm)	3	3	6	6	6
Jitter compliance	ANSI X3.166	IEEE 802.3	IEEE 802.3	IEEE 802.3	IEEE 802.3
Ethernet classification	ANSI X3.166	IEEE 802.3	IEEE 802.3	IEEE 802.3	IEEE 802.3
Laser type	LED	FP	VCSEL	FP	DFB
Eye safety	Class 1	Class 1	Class 1	Class 1	Class 1
Connector	LC	LC	LC	LC	LC
Transceiver type	SFP	SFP	SFP	SFP	SFP

10 GigE OPTICAL INTERFACES

	10GBASE-SW	10GBASE-SR	10GBASE-LW	10GBASE-LR	10GBASE-EW	10GBASE-ER
Wavelength (nm)	850	850	1310	1310	1550	1550
	Multimode	Multimode	Singlemode	Singlemode	Singlemode	Singlemode
Tx level (802.3ae-compliant) (dBn	n) -7.3 to -1	−7.3 to −1	-8.2 to 0.5	-8.2 to 0.5	-4.7 to 4.0	-4.7 to 4.0
Rx operating range (dBm)	-9.9 to -1.0	−9.9 to −1.0	-14.4 to 0.5	-14.4 to 0.5	-15.8 to -1.0	-15.8 to -1.0
Transmission bit rate	9.95328 Gbit/s ± 4.6 ppm a	10.3125 Gbit/s ± 4.6 ppm ^a	9.95328 Gbit/s ± 4.6 ppm a	10.3125 Gbit/s ± 4.6 ppm ^a	9.95328 Gbit/s ± 4.6 ppm a	10.3125 Gbit/s ± 4.6 ppm
Reception bit rate	9.95328 Gbit/s ± 135 ppm	10.3125 Gbit/s ± 135 ppm	9.95328 Gbit/s ± 135 ppm	10.3125 Gbit/s ± 135 ppm	9.95328 Gbit/s ± 135 ppm	10.3125 Gbit/s ± 135 ppr
Tx operational wavelength range	840 to 860	840 to 860	1260 to 1355	1260 to 1355	1530 to 1565	1530 to 1565
(802.3ae-compliant) (nm)						
Measurement accuracy (uncerta	inty)					
Frequency (ppm)	±4.6	±4.6	±4.6	±4.6	±4.6	±4.6
Optical power (dB)	±2	±2	±2	±2	±2	±2
Maximum Rx before damage (dBn	n) 0	0	1.5	1.5	4.0	4.0
Jitter compliance	IEEE 802.3ae	IEEE 802.3ae	IEEE 802.3ae	IEEE 802.3ae	IEEE 802.3ae	IEEE 802.3ae
Ethernet classification	IEEE 802.3ae	IEEE 802.3ae	IEEE 802.3ae	IEEE 802.3ae	IEEE 802.3ae	IEEE 802.3ae
Laser type	VCSEL	VCSEL	DFB	DFB	EML	EML
Eye safety	Class 1 laser; complies	Class 1 laser; complies	Class 1 laser; complies	Class 1 laser; complies	Class 1M laser; complies	Class 1M laser; complies
	with 21 CFR 1040.10	with 21 CFR 1040.10	with 21 CFR 1040.10	with 21 CFR 1040.10	with 21 CFR 1040.10	with 21 CFR 1040.10
	and IEC 60825-1	and IEC 60825-1	and IEC 60825-1	and IEC 60825-1	and IEC 60825-1	and IEC 60825-1
Connector	Duplex LC	Duplex LC	Duplex LC	Duplex LC	Duplex LC	Duplex LC
Transceiver type (compliant with XFP MSA)	XFP	XFP	XFP	XFP	XFP	XFP

NOTE

a. When clocking is in internal mode.

Ethernet Functional Specifications

RFC 2544	gE) Capability to perform the Network Configuration Test and Service Test as per ITU-T Y.156sam. Tests can be performed to a loopback or dual test set mode for bidirectional results.
	Throughput, back-to-back, frame loss and latency measurements according to RFC 2544. Frame size: RFC-defined sizes, user-configurable.
BERT	rrame size: rrdetined sizes, user-comigration. Uniframed, framed layer 1, framed layer 2 supported with or without VLAN Q-in-Q.
Patterns (BERT)	PRBS 2E9-1, PRBS 2E11-1, PRBS 2E15-1, PRBS 2E20-1, PRBS 2E23-1, PRBS 2E31-1, CRPAT, CSPAT, CJTPAT, Short CRTPAT,
	Long CRTPAT and up to 10 user patterns. Capability to invert patterns.
rror insertion (BERT)	FCS, bit and symbol.
rror measurement	Jabber/giant, runt, undersize, oversize, FCS, symbol, idle, carrier sense, alignment, collision, late collision, excessive collision, UDP and IP header checksum.
rror measurement (BERT)	Bit error, symbol error, idle error, bit mismatch 0, bit mismatch 1, performance monitoring (G.821 and G.826).
larm insertion (BERT)	LOS, pattern loss.
larm detection	LOS, link down, pattern loss, no traffic.
Service disruption time (SDT) neasurement (BERT)	Defect or No Traffic mode. Disruption time statistics include shortest, longest, last, average, total and count.
LAN stacking	Capability to generate one stream with up to three layers of VLAN (including IEEE 802.1ad Q-in-Q tagged VLAN).
low control statistics	Capability to generate the shearth with up to three agests of valve (including lize of oz.) and Carton tagged valve. Pause time, last pause time, max, pause time, min. pause time, paused frames, abort frames, frames Tx, frames Rx.
dvanced auto-negotiation	r que tinie, las pause tinie, max. pause tinie, mit. pause tinie, pause tinie, pause tinie adult names, names rx, names rx. Capability to auto-negotiate the rate, duplex and flow control capabilities with another Ethernet port.
dvanced auto-negotiation	Configurable auto-negociation parameters. Display of link partner capabilities.
	Fault injection: offline, link failure, auto-negotiation error.
Multistream generation	Capability to transmit up to 10 streams. Configuration parameters are packet size, transmission mode (N-Frames, Burst, N-Burst, Ramp, N-Ramp and Continuous), MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TTL, UDP source/destination port and payload. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Selectable pre-defined stream profiles are also available for VoIP, video and data streams. VoIP codecs (G.711, G.723.1, G.729), video (MPEG-2 SDTV, MPEG-2 HDTV, MPEG-4 HDTV).
raffic filtering	Capability to analyze the incoming traffic and provide statistics according to a set of up to 10 configurable filters. Filters can be configured for MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TCP source/destination port and UDP source/destination port. VLAN filtering
4 let -	can be applied to any of the stacked VLAN layers. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.)
Multistream analysis ithernet statistics	Capability to analyze per stream statistics: packet jitter, latency, throughput, frame loss and out-of-sequence (available with Frame-Analyzer software option). Multicast, broadcast, unicast, N-unicast, pause frame, frame size distribution, bandwidth, utilization, frame rate, frame loss, out-of-sequence frames and in-sequence frames. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.)
tooket iitter etatieties	and in-sequence frames. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Delay variation statistics (ms)—min., max., last, average and jitter measurement estimate (RFC 3393) (available with Frame Analyzer option).
Packet jitter statistics PBB-TE a	Delay variation statistics (ms)-min., max., last, average and litter measurement estimate (RFL 3393) (available with Frame Analyzer option). Capability to generate and analyze streams with PBB-TE data traffic including configuration of B-MAC (source and destination), B-VLAN and I-tag (as per 802.1ah) and to filter received traffic by any of these fields.
IPLS a	(as per 802.1 an) and to litter received traffic by any of these fields. Capability to generate and analyze streams with up to two layers of MPLS labels and to filter received traffic by MPLS label or COS.
Pv6 ^a	Capability to generate and analyze streams with up to two tayers or wirt-or labers and to linter received trains by wirt-or laber or Coo. Capability to perform BERT, RFC 2544, traffic generation and analysis and Smart Loopback tests over IPv6; ping, traceroute, neighbor discovery and stateless auto-configuration.
dvanced filtering ^a	Capability to enhance the filters with up to four (4) fields each, which can be combined with AND/OR/NOT operations.
	A mask is also provided for each field value to allow for wildcards. Complete statistics are gathered for each defined filter.
Data capture ^a	Capability to perform 10/100/1000M full-line-rate data capture and decode. Capability to configure detailed capture filters and triggers as well as capture slicing parameters.
raffic scan a	Capability to scan incoming live traffic and auto-discover all VLAN/VLAN Priority and MPLS ID/COS flows; capability to provide statistics for each flow including fran
	count and bandwidth.
ADDITIONAL TEST AND M	EASUREMENT FUNCTIONS (10 MBIT/S TO GIGE)
Ower measurement	Supports optical power measurement, displayed in dBm.
requency measurement	Supports clock frequency measurements (i.e., received frequency and deviation of the input signal clock from nominal frequency).
requency offset measurement	Range: ±120 ppm Resolution: 1 ppm
Oual test set	Accuracy (uncertainty): ±4.6 ppm Performs end-to-end, bidirectional performance testing (as required by leading standards bodies)—remote FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE controlled via the LAN connection under
DHCP client	renomis enorterand, pointeraine testing (as required by reading standards bodies) reliable to connect to a DHCP server to obtain its IP address and subnet mask for connecting on to the network.
Smart Loopback	Capability to return traffic to the local unit by swapping packet overhead up to layer 4 of the OSI stack.
tools	Capability to perform ping and traceroute functions.
CP throughput measurements ^a	Capability to evaluate TCP throughput and provide performance results and statistics: window size with corresponding throughput, number of transmitted and re-transmitted segments, round-trip time.
TESTING (10 GIGE)	
therSAM (Y.156sam)	Capability to perform the Network Configuration Test and Service Test as per ITU-T Y.156sam. Tests can be performed to a loopback or dual test set mode for bidirectional results.
FC 2544	capability to perform the reterior Koninguration rest and overvice rest as per inor 1. Toosanit, rests can be performed to a hopping of under set in our formation and testing to the performance of the pe
BERT	Inframed framed layer 1 framed layer 2 supported with or without VI AN O-in-O
atterns (BERT)	Unframed, framed layer 1, framed layer 2 supported with or without VLAN Q-in-Q. PRBS 2E9-1, PRBS 2E11-1, PRBS 2E15-1, PRBS 2E20-1, PRBS 2E20-1, PRBS 2E31-1, and up to 10 user patterns.
rror insertion (BERT)	FCS, bit. 64B/66B Block
rror measurement	LANWAN: jabber/giant, runt, undersize, oversize, FCS, 64B/66B Block
To model on one	WAN: B1, B2, B3, ŘEI-L, REI-P
	UDP, TCP and IP header checksum
rror measurement (BERT) larm insertion	Bit error, bit mismatch 0, bit mismatch 1, performance monitoring (G.821 and G.826) LOS, link down, local fault, remote fault, pattern loss (BERT)
ann maeruun	
	WAN: SEF, LOF, AIS-L, RDI-L, AIS-P, RDI-P, LCD-P, LCD-P, ERDI-PSD, ERDI-PCD, ERDI-PDD, UNEQ-P LOS link draw local fault tearnets fault fragment effects entlean loss (ERPIT)
form detection	LOS, link down, local fault, remote fault, frequency offset, pattern loss (BERT) WAN: SEF, LOF, AIS-L, RDI-L, AIS-P, RDI-P, LOD-P, LOP-P, ERDI-PSD, ERDI-PCD, ERDI-PPD, PLM-P, UNEQ-P, link (WIS)
larm detection	
larm detection	Defect or No Traffic mode. Disruption time statistics include shortest longest last average total and count.
iervice disruption time (SDT) measurement (BERT)	Defect or No Traffic mode. Disruption time statistics include shortest, longest, last, average, total and count. Capability to generate one stream with up to three layers of VLAN (including IEEE802.1ad Q-in-Q tagged VLAN).
ervice disruption time (SDT) measurement (BERT) LAN stacking	Capability to generate one stream with up to three layers of VLAN (including IEEE802.1ad Q-in-Q tagged VLAN).
service disruption time (SDT) measurement (BERT) LAN stacking low control statistics	Capability to generate one stream with up to three layers of VLAN (including IEEEB02.1ad O-in-O tagged VLAN). Pause time, last pause time, max pause time, min. pause time, paused frames, abort frames, frames Tx, frames Rx. Capability to transmit up to 10 streams. Configuration parameters are packet size, transmission mode (N-Frames, Burst, N-Burst, Ramp, N-Ramp and Continuous),
	Capability to generate one stream with up to three layers of VLAN (including IEEE802.1ad Q-in-Q tagged VLAN). Pause time, last pause time, max, pause time, min. pause time, paused frames, abort frames, frames Tx, frames Rx. Capability to transmit up to 10 streams. Configuration parameters are packet size, transmission mode (N-Frames, Burst, N-Burst, Ramp, N-Ramp and Continuous), MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TTL, UDP source/destination port and payload. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Selectable pre-defined stream profiles are also available for VoIP, video and data streams. VoIP codecs (G.711,
tervice disruption time (SDT) measurement (BERT) LAN stacking low control statistics fulltistream generation	Capability to generate one stream with up to three layers of VLAN (including IEEE802.1ad O-in-O tagged VLAN). Pause time, last pause time, max. pause time, mur, pause time, paused frames, abort frames Tx, frames Tx, frames Rx. Capability to transmit up to 10 streams. Configuration parameters are packet size, transmission mode (N-Frames, Burst, N-Burst, Ramp, N-Ramp and Continuous), MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TTL, UDP source/destination port and payload. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Selectable pre-defined stream profiles are also available for VoIP, video and data streams. VoIP codecs (G.7311, G.729), video (MPEG-2 SDTV, MPEG-2 HDTV, MPEG-4 HDTV).
tervice disruption time (SDT) measurement (BERT) LAN stacking low control statistics fulltistream generation	Capability to generate one stream with up to three layers of VLAN (including IEEE802.1ad Q-in-Q tagged VLAN). Pause time, last pause time, max, pause time, min. pause time, paused frames, abort frames, frames Tx, frames Tx, frames Rx. Capability to transmit up to 10 streams. Configuration parameters are packet size, transmission mode (N-Frames, Burst, N-Burst, Ramp, N-Ramp and Continuous), MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, VIAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, VIAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination port and payload. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Selectable pre-defined stream profiles are also available for VoIP, video and data streams. VoIP codecs (G.711, G.723.1, G.729), video (MPEG-2 SDTV, MPEG-2 HDTV, MPEG-4 HDTV). Capability to analyze the incoming traffic and provide statistics according to a set of up to 10 configurable filters. Filters can be configured for MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination port. VLAN filtering
iervice disruption time (SDT) measurement (BERT) LAN stacking low control statistics fulltistream generation	Capability to generate one stream with up to three layers of VLAN (including IEEE802.1ad O-in-O tagged VLAN). Pause time, last pause time, max. pause time, mur, pause time, paused frames, abort frames frames Tx, frames Tx, frames Rx. Capability to transmit up to 10 streams. Configuration parameters are packet size, transmission mode (N-Frames, Burst, N-Burst, Ramp, N-Ramp and Continuous), MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TTL, UDP source/destination port and payload. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Selectable pre-defined stream profiles are also available for VoIP, video and data streams. VoIP codecs (G.711, G.723.1, G.729), video (MPEG-2 SDTV, MPEG-2 HDTV, MPEG-4 HDTV). Capability to analyze the incoming traffic and provide statistics according to a set of up to 10 configurable filters. Filters can be configured for MAC source/destination address, VLAN (D, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TCP source/destination port and UDP source/destination port. VLAN filtering can be applied to any of the stacked VLAN layers. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.)
lervice disruption time (SDT) measurement (BERT) LAN stacking low control statistics fultistream generation raffic filtering fultistream analysis	Capability to generate one stream with up to three layers of VLAN (including IEEE802.1ad Q-in-Q tagged VLAN). Pause time, last pause time, max, pause time, min. pause time, paused frames, abort frames, frames Tx, frames Rx. Capability to transmit up to 10 streams. Configuration parameters are packet size, transmission mode (N-Frames, Burst, N-Burst, Ramp, N-Ramp and Continuous), MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TTL, UDP source/destination port and payload. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option). Selectable pre-defined stream profiles are also available for VoIP, video and data streams. VoIP codecs (G.711, G.723.1, G.729), video (MPEG-2 SDTV, MPEG-2 HDTV, MPEG-4 HDTV). Capability to analyze the incoming traffic and provide statistics according to a set of up to 10 configurable filters. Filters can be configured for MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TCP source/destination port and UDP source/destination port. VLAN filtering can be applied to any of the stacked VLAN layers. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Capability to analyze per stream statistics: packet fitter, latency, throughput, frame loss and out-of-sequence (available with Frame-Analyzer software option)
iervice disruption time (SDT) measurement (BERT) LAN stacking low control statistics fulltistream generation	Capability to generate one stream with up to three layers of VLAN (including IEEEB02.1ad Q-in-Q tagged VLAN). Pause time, last pause time, max. pause time, min. pause time, paused frames, abort frames, frames Tx, frames Rx. Capability to transmit up to 10 streams. Configuration parameters are packet size, transmission mode (N-Frames, Burst, N-Burst, Ramp, N-Ramp and Continuous), MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TTL, UDP source/destination port and payload. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Selectable pre-defined stream profiles are also available for VoIP, video and data streams. VoIP codecs (G.711, G.723.1, G.729), video (MPEG-2 SDTV, MPEG-2 HDTV), MPEG-4 HDTV). Capability to analyze the incoming traffic and provide statistics according to a set of up to 10 configurable filters. Filters can be configured for MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TCP source/destination port and UDP source/destination port. VLAN filtering can be applied to any of the stacked VLAN layers. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Capability to analyze per stream statistics: packet jitter, latency, throughput, frame loss and out-of-sequence (available with Frame-Analyzer software option). Multicast, Poradcast, unicast, V-unicast, pause frame, frame size distribution, bandwidth, utilization, frame rate, frame loss, out-of-sequence frames
iervice disruption time (SDT) measurement (BERT) LAN stacking low control statistics fultistream generation raffic filtering fultistream analysis thernet statistics	Capability to generate one stream with up to three layers of VLAN (including IEEE802.1ad Q-in-Q tagged VLAN). Pause time, last pause time, max pause time, max pause time, apused frames, abort frames, frames Tx, frames Tx. Capability to transmit up to 10 streams. Configuration parameters are packet size, transmission mode (N-Frames, Burst, N-Burst, Ramp, N-Ramp and Continuous), MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TTL, UDP source/destination port and payload. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Selectable pre-defined stream profiles are also available for VoIP, video and data streams. VoIP codecs (G.711, G.723.1, G.729), video (MPEG-2 SDT), MPEG-2 HDTV, MPEG-4 HDTV). Capability to analyze the incoming traffic and provide statistics according to a set of up to 10 configurable filters. Filters can be configured for MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TCP source/destination port and UDP source/destination port. VLAN filtering can be applied to any of the stacked VLAN layers. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Capability to analyze per stream statistics: packet jitter, latency, throughput, frame loss and out-of-sequence (available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Multicast, broadcast, unicast, N-unicast, pause frame, frame size distribution, bandwidth, utilization, frame rate, frame loss, out-of-sequence frames and in-sequence frames. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.)
lervice disruption time (SDT) measurement (BERT) LAN stacking low control statistics fultistream generation raffic filtering fultistream analysis	Capability to generate one stream with up to three layers of VLAN (including IEEEB02.1ad Q-in-Q tagged VLAN). Pause time, last pause time, max. pause time, min. pause time, paused frames, abort frames, frames Tx, frames Rx. Capability to transmit up to 10 streams. Configuration parameters are packet size, transmission mode (N-Frames, Burst, N-Burst, Ramp, N-Ramp and Continuous), MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TTL, UDP source/destination port and payload. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Selectable pre-defined stream profiles are also available for VoIP, video and data streams. VoIP codecs (G.711, G.723.1, G.729), video (MPEG-2 SDTV, MPEG-2 HDTV), MPEG-4 HDTV). Capability to analyze the incoming traffic and provide statistics according to a set of up to 10 configurable filters. Filters can be configured for MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TCP source/destination port and UDP source/destination port. VLAN filtering can be applied to any of the stacked VLAN layers. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Capability to analyze per stream statistics: packet jitter, latency, throughput, frame loss and out-of-sequence (available with Frame-Analyzer software option). Multicast, Poradcast, unicast, V-unicast, pause frame, frame size distribution, bandwidth, utilization, frame rate, frame loss, out-of-sequence frames
lervice disruption time (SDT) measurement (BERT) LAN stacking low control statistics fultistream generation raffic filtering fultistream analysis thernet statistics acket jitter statistics	Capability to generate one stream with up to three layers of VLAN (including IEEE802.1ad Q-in-Q tagged VLAN). Pause time, last pause time, max, pause time, min. pause time, paused frames, abort frames, frames Tx, frames Rx. Capability to transmit up to 10 streams. Configuration parameters are packet size, transmission mode (N-Frames, Burst, N-Burst, Ramp, N-Ramp and Continuous), MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TTL, UDP source/destination port and payload. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Selectable pre-defined stream profiles are also available for VoIP, video and data streams. VoIP codecs (G.711, G.729.1, ideo (MPEG-2 SDT), MPEG-2 HDTV, MPEG-4 HDTV). Capability to analyze the incoming traffic and provide statistics according to a set of up to 10 configurable filters. Filters can be configured for MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TCP source/destination port and UDP source/destination port. VLAN filtering can be applied to any of the stacked VLAN layers. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Capability to analyze per stream statistics: packet jitter, latency, throughput, frame loss and out-of-sequence (available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Multicast, broadcast, unicast, N-unicast, pause frame, frame size distribution, bandwidth, utilization, frame rate, frame loss, out-of-sequence frames and in-sequence frames. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Delay variation statistics (ms)—min., max, last, average and jitter measurement estimate (RFC 3393) (available with Frame Analyzer option).
lervice disruption time (SDT) measurement (BERT) LAN stacking low control statistics fultistream generation raffic filtering fultistream analysis thernet statistics acket jitter statistics	Capability to generate one stream with up to three layers of VLAN (including IEEEB02.1ad O-in-O tagged VLAN). Pause time, last pause time, max. pause time, min. pause time, paused frames, abort frames, frames Tx, frames Rx. Capability to transmit up to 10 streams. Configuration parameters are packet size, transmission mode (N-Frames, Burst, N-Burst, Ramp, N-Ramp and Continuous), MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TTL, UDP source/destination port and payload. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Selectable pre-defined stream profiles are also available for VolP, video and data streams. VolP codecs (G.711, G.723.1, G.729), video (MPEG-2 SDIV, MPEG-2 HDTV, MPEG-4 HDTV). Capability to analyze the incoming traffic and provide statistics according to a set of up to 10 configurable filters. Filters can be configured for MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TCP source/destination port and UDP source/destination port. VLAN filtering can be applied to any of the stacked VLAN layers. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Capability to analyze per stream statistics: packet jitter, latency, throughput, frame loss and out-of-sequence (available with Frame-Analyzer software option). Multicast, broadcast, unicast, N-unicast, pause frame, frame size distribution, bandwidth, utilization, frame rate, frame loss, out-of-sequence frames and in-sequence frames. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Delay variation statistics (ms)—min., max., last, average and jitter measurement estimate (RFC 3393) (available with Frame Analyzer option). Capability to generate and analyze streams with PBB-TE data traffic including configuration of B-MAC (source and destination), B-VLAN and I-tag (as per 802.1ah)
lervice disruption time (SDT) measurement (BERT) LAN stacking low control statistics fulltistream generation fulltistream analysis thernet statistics acket jitter statistics BB-TE a	Capability to generate one stream with up to three layers of VLAN (including IEEEB02.1ad O-in-O tagged VLAN). Pause time, last pause time, min. pause time, man, pause time, paused frames, abort frames, frames Tx, frames Rx. Capability to transmit up to 10 streams. Configuration parameters are packet size, transmission mode (N-Frames, Burst, N-Burst, Ramp, N-Ramp and Continuous), MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TTL, UDP source/destination opt and payload. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Selectable pre-defined stream profiles are also available for VoIP, video and data streams. VoIP codecs (G.711, G.723.1, G.729), video (MPEG-2 SDTV, MPEG-2 HDTV, MPEG-4 HDTV). Capability to analyze the incoming traffic and provide statistics according to a set of up to 10 configurable filters. Filters can be configured for MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TCP source/destination port and UDP source/destination port. VLAN filtering can be applied to any of the stacked VLAN layers. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Capability to analyze per stream statistics: packet jitter, latency, throughput, frame loss and out-of-sequence (available with Frame-Analyzer software option). Multicast, broadcast, unicast, N-unicast, pause frame, frame size distribution, bandwidth, utilization, frame rate, frame loss, out-of-sequence frames and in-sequence frames. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Delay variation statistics (ms)-min., max., last, average and jitter measurement estimate (RFC 3393) (available with Frame Analyzer option). Capability to generate and analyze streams with PBB-TE dat traffic including configuration of B-MAC (source and destination), B-VLAN and I-tag (as per 802.1ah) and to filter received traffic by any of these fields. Capability to generate and analyze streams with PBB-TE dat traffic including configuration of III py
lervice disruption time (SDT) measurement (BERT) LAN stacking low control statistics fultistream generation raffic filtering fultistream analysis thernet statistics acket jitter statistics BB-TE a IPLS a	Capability to generate one stream with up to three layers of VLAN (including IEEE802.1ad O-in-O tagged VLAN). Pause time, last pause time, max pause time, max pause time, max pause drames, abort frames, frames Tx, frames Rx. Capability to transmit up to 10 streams. Configuration parameters are packet size, transmission mode (N-Frames, Burst, N-Burst, Ramp, N-Ramp and Continuous), MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TTL, IDP source/destination port and payload. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Selectable pre-defined stream profiles are also available for VoIP, video and data streams. VoIP codecs (G.711, G.723.1, G.729), video (MPEG-2 SDTV, MPEG-2 HDTV, MPEG-4 HDTV). Capability to analyze the incoming traffic and provide statistics according to a set of up to 10 configurable filters. Filters can be configured for MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TCP source/destination port and UDP source/destination port. VLAN filtering can be applied to any of the stacked VLAN layers. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Capability to analyze per stream statistics: packet jitter, latency, throughput, frame loss and out-of-sequence (available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Multicast, broadcast, unicast, N-unicast, pause frame, frame size distribution, bandwidth, utilization, frame rate, frame loss, out-of-sequence frames and in-sequence frames. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Delay variation statistics (ms)-min, max, last, average and jitter measurement estimate (RFC 3393) (available with Frame Analyzer option). Capability to generate and analyze streams with PBB-TE data traffic including configuration of B-MAC (source and destination), B-VLAN and I-tag (as per 802.1ah) and to filter received traffic by any of these fields. Capability to generate and analyze streams with up to two layers of MPLS labels and to filter receiv
iervice disruption time (SDT) measurement (BERT) LAN stacking low control statistics fulltistream generation raffic filtering fulltistream analysis thernet statistics leacket jitter statistics BB-TE a IPLS a Vo 6 a	Capability to generate one stream with up to three layers of VLAN (including IEEEB02.1ad O-in-O tagged VLAN). Pause time, last pause time, min. pause time, man, pause time, paused frames, abort frames, frames Tx, frames Rx. Capability to transmit up to 10 streams. Configuration parameters are packet size, transmission mode (N-Frames, Burst, N-Burst, Ramp, N-Ramp and Continuous), MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TTL, UDP source/destination opt and payload. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Selectable pre-defined stream profiles are also available for VoIP, video and data streams. VoIP codecs (G.711, G.723.1, G.729), video (MPEG-2 SDTV, MPEG-2 HDTV, MPEG-4 HDTV). Capability to analyze the incoming traffic and provide statistics according to a set of up to 10 configurable filters. Filters can be configured for MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TCP source/destination port and UDP source/destination port. VLAN filtering can be applied to any of the stacked VLAN layers. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Capability to analyze per stream statistics: packet jitter, latency, throughput, frame loss and out-of-sequence (available with Frame-Analyzer software option). Multicast, broadcast, unicast, N-unicast, pause frame, frame size distribution, bandwidth, utilization, frame rate, frame loss, out-of-sequence frames and in-sequence frames. (Available with Frame-Analyzer software option.) Delay variation statistics (ms)-min., max., last, average and jitter measurement estimate (RFC 3393) (available with Frame Analyzer option). Capability to generate and analyze streams with PBB-TE dat traffic including configuration of B-MAC (source and destination), B-VLAN and I-tag (as per 802.1ah) and to filter received traffic by any of these fields. Capability to generate and analyze streams with PBB-TE dat traffic including configuration of III py

NOTE

Ethernet Functional Specifications (Cont'd)

ADDITIONAL TEST AND	MESUREMENT FUNCTIONS (10 GigE)
Power measurement	Supports optical power measurement, displayed in dBm.
Frequency generation and measurement	Supports clock frequency generation and measurements (i.e., received frequency and deviation of the input signal clock from nominal frequency).
	Frequency offset generation:
	Range: ±50 ppm
	Resolution: ±1 ppm
	Accuracy (uncertainty): ±4.6 ppm
	Frequency offset measurement:
	Range: ±135 ppm
	Resolution: ±1 ppm
0: 1111	Accuracy (uncertainty): ±4.6 ppm
Signal label control and monitoring	Ability to configure and monitor J0 Trace, 11 Trace and payload signal label C2 (WAN).
Dual test set DHCP client	Performs end-fo-end, bidirectional performance testing (as required by leading standards bodies)—remote FTB-8120NGE/8130NGE controlled via the LAN connection under test.
DHCP client	Capability to connect to a DHCP server to obtain its IP address and subnet mask to connect to the network.
	0 175
Smart Loopback IP tools	Capability to return traffic to the local unit by swapping packet overhead up to layer 4 of the OSI stack. Capability to perform ping and traceroute functions.
ADDITIONAL FEATURE	Capability to perform ping and traceroute functions.
P tools ADDITIONAL FEATURE Expert mode	Capability to perform ping and traceroute functions. Ability to set thresholds in RFC 2544 and BERT mode to provide a pass/fail status.
ADDITIONAL FEATURE	Capability to perform ping and traceroute functions. Ability to set thresholds in RFC 2544 and BERT mode to provide a pass/fail status. The built-in Visual Basic .NET scripting engine and embedded macrorecorder provide a simple means of automating test cases and routines.
ADDITIONAL FEATURE Expert mode Scripting	Capability to perform ping and traceroute functions. Ability to set thresholds in RFC 2544 and BERT mode to provide a pass/fail status. The built-in Visual Basic .NET scripting engine and embedded macrorecorder provide a simple means of automating test cases and routines. Embedded scripting routines provide a powerful means of creating advanced test scripts. a
ADDITIONAL FEATURE Expert mode Scripting Event logger	Capability to perform ping and traceroute functions. Ability to set thresholds in RFC 2544 and BERT mode to provide a pass/fail status. The built-in Visual Basic .NET scripting engine and embedded macrorecorder provide a simple means of automating test cases and routines. Embedded scripting routines provide a powerful means of creating advanced test scripts. a Supports logging of test results, and the ability to print, export (to a file), or export the information contained in the logging tool.
ADDITIONAL FEATURE Expert mode Scripting Event logger Power up and restore a	Capability to perform ping and traceroute functions. Ability to set thresholds in RFC 2544 and BERT mode to provide a pass/fail status. The built-in Visual Basic .NET scripting engine and embedded macrorecorder provide a simple means of automating test cases and routines. Embedded scripting routines provide a powerful means of creating advanced test scripts. a Supports logging of test results, and the ability to print, export (to a file), or export the information contained in the logging tool. In the event of a power failure to the unit, the active test configuration and results are saved and restored upon bootup.
ADDITIONAL FEATURE Expert mode Scripting Event logger Power up and restore a Save and load configuration	Capability to perform ping and traceroute functions. Ability to set thresholds in RFC 2544 and BERT mode to provide a pass/fail status. The built-in Visual Basic .NET scripting engine and embedded macrorecorder provide a simple means of automating test cases and routines. Embedded scripting routines provide a powerful means of creating advanced test scripts. Supports logging of test results, and the ability to print, export (to a file), or export the information contained in the logging tool. In the event of a power failure to the unit, the active test configuration and results are saved and restored upon boolup. Ability to store and load test configurations to/from non-volatile memory.
ADDITIONAL FEATURE Expert mode Scripting Event logger Power up and restore a	Capability to perform ping and traceroute functions. Ability to set thresholds in RFC 2544 and BERT mode to provide a pass/fail status. The built-in Visual Basic .NET scripting engine and embedded macrorecorder provide a simple means of automating test cases and routines. Embedded scripting routines provide a powerful means of creating advanced test scripts. Supports logging of test results, and the ability to print, export (to a file), or export the information contained in the logging tool. In the event of a power failure to the unit, the active test configuration and results are saved and restored upon bootup. Ability to store and load test configurations follows in the configuration and results are saved and restored upon bootup. Allows users to customize their test views; i.e., to dynamically insert or remove test tabs/windows, in addition to creating new test windows,
ADDITIONAL FEATURE Expert mode Scripting Event logger Power up and restore a Save and load configuration	Capability to perform ping and traceroute functions. Ability to set thresholds in RFC 2544 and BERT mode to provide a pass/fail status. The built-in Visual Basic .NET scripting engine and embedded macrorecorder provide a simple means of automating test cases and routines. Embedded scripting routines provide a powerful means of creating advanced test scripts. a Supports logging of test results, and the ability to print, export (to a file), or export the information contained in the logging tool. In the event of a power failure to the unit, the active test configuration and results are saved and restored upon bootup. Ability to store and load test configurations to/from non-volatile memory. Allows users to customize their test views; i.e., to dynamically insert or remove test tabs/windows, in addition to creating new test windows, so as to accurately match their testing needs. a
IP tools ADDITIONAL FEATURE Expert mode Scripting Event logger Power up and restore a Save and load configuration Configurable test views	Capability to perform ping and traceroute functions. Ability to set thresholds in RFC 2544 and BERT mode to provide a pass/fail status. The built-in Visual Basic .NET scripting engine and embedded macrorecorder provide a simple means of automating test cases and routines. Embedded scripting routines provide a powerful means of creating advanced test scripts. Supports logging of test results, and the ability to print, export (to a file), or export the information contained in the logging tool. In the event of a power failure to the unit, the active test configuration and results are saved and restored upon bootup. Ability to store and load test configurations follows in the configuration and results are saved and restored upon bootup. Allows users to customize their test views; i.e., to dynamically insert or remove test tabs/windows, in addition to creating new test windows,
ADDITIONAL FEATURE Expert mode Scripting Event logger Power up and restore a Save and load configuration Configurable test views Configurable test timer	Ability to set thresholds in RFC 2544 and BERT mode to provide a pass/fail status. The built-in Visual Basic .NET scripting engine and embedded macrorecorder provide a simple means of automating test cases and routines. Embedded scripting routines provide a powerful means of creating advanced test scripts. Supports logging of test results, and the ability to print, export (to a file), or export the information contained in the logging tool. In the event of a power failure to the unit, the active test configuration and results are saved and restored upon bootup. Ability to store and load test configurations to/from non-volatile memory. Allows users to customize their test views; (e, to dynamically insert or remove test tabs/windows, in addition to creating new test windows, so as to accurately match their testing needs. Allows a user to set a specific start, stop and duration for tests. Capability to selore and load from predefined or user-modified test conditions.
IP tools ADDITIONAL FEATURE Expert mode Scripting Event logger Power up and restore a Save and load configuration Configurable test views Configurable test timer Test favorites	Ability to set thresholds in RFC 2544 and BERT mode to provide a pass/fail status. The built-in Visual Basic .NET scripting engine and embedded macrorecorder provide a simple means of automating test cases and routines. Embedded scripting routines provide a powerful means of creating advanced test scripts. a Supports logging of test results, and the ability to print, export (to a file), or export the information contained in the logging tool. In the event of a power failure to the unit, the active test configuration and results are saved and restored upon bootup. Ability to store and load test configurations to/from non-volatile memory. Allows users to customize their test views; i.e., to dynamically insert or remove test tabs/windows, in addition to creating new test windows, so as to accurately match their testing needs. a Allows a user to set a specific start, stop and duration for tests. Capability to generate test reports in the following user-selectable formats: .pdf, html, .txt and .csv.
IP tools ADDITIONAL FEATURE Expert mode Scripting Event logger Power up and restore a Save and load configuration Configurable test views Configurable test timer Test favorites Report generation	Ability to set thresholds in RFC 2544 and BERT mode to provide a pass/fail status. The built-in Visual Basic .NET scripting engine and embedded macrorecorder provide a simple means of automating test cases and routines. Embedded scripting routines provide a powerful means of creating advanced test scripts. Supports logging of test results, and the ability to print, export (to a file), or export the information contained in the logging tool. In the event of a power failure to the unit, the active test configuration and results are saved and restored upon bootup. Ability to store and load test configurations to/from non-volatile memory. Allows users to customize their test views; (e, to dynamically insert or remove test tabs/windows, in addition to creating new test windows, so as to accurately match their testing needs. Allows a user to set a specific start, stop and duration for tests. Capability to selore and load from predefined or user-modified test conditions.
IP tools ADDITIONAL FEATURE Expert mode Scripting Event logger Power up and restore a Save and load configuration Configurable test views Configurable test timer Test favorites Report generation Graph	Ability to set thresholds in RFC 2544 and BERT mode to provide a pass/fail status. The built-in Visual Basic .NET scripting engine and embedded macrorecorder provide a simple means of automating test cases and routines. Embedded scripting routines provide a powerful means of creating advanced test scripts. Supports logging of test results, and the ability to print, export (to a file), or export to export the information contained in the logging tool. In the event of a power failure to the unit, the active test configuration and results are saved and restored upon bootup. Ability to store and load test configurations to/from non-volatile memory. Allows users to customize their test views; i.e., to dynamically insert or remove test tabs/windows, in addition to creating new test windows, so as to accurately match their testing needs. a Allows a user to set a specific start, stop and duration for tests. Capability to select and load from predefined or user-modified test conditions. Ability to generate test reports in the following user-selectable formats: 20f., html, .bt and .csv. Allows to graphically display the test statistics of the performance (RFC 2544).

NOTES

- a. Available on the FTB-500 platform only.
- b. Available on the FTB-200 platform only.

Fibre Channel Interfaces

Wavelength (nm)	850	1310	1310	1550	
Tx level (dBm)	−9 to −2.5	-8.4 to -3	0 to 5	1 to 5	
Rx level sensitivity (dBm)	-15 at FC-4	-18 at FC-4	-18 at FC-4	-16.5 at FC-4	
, ,	-18 at FC-2	-21 at FC-2	-21 at FC-2	-20.5 at FC-2	
	-20 at FC-1	-22 at FC-1	-22 at FC-1	-22 at FC-1	
Maximum reach	500 m on 50/125 μm MMF a	4 km	30 km	40 km	
	300 m on 62.5/125 µm MMF a				
Transmission bit rate (Gbit/s)	1.06/2.125/4.25	1.06/2.125/4.25	1.06/2.125/4.25	1.06/2.125/4.25	
Reception bit rate (Gbit/s)	1.06/2.125/4.25	1.06/2.125/4.25	1.06/2.125/4.25	1.06/2.125/4.25	
Tx operational wavelength range (nm)	830 to 860	1260 to 1350	1285 to 1345	1544.5 to 1557.5	
Measurement accuracy (uncertainty)					
Frequency (ppm)	±4.6	±4.6	±4.6	±4.6	
Optical power (dB)	±2	±2	±2	±2	
Max Rx before damage (dBm)	3	3	3	3	
Jitter compliance	ANSI FC-PI-2	ANSI FC-PI-2	ANSI FC-PI-2	ANSI FC-PI-2	
FC classification	ANSI FC-PI-2	ANSI FC-PI-2	ANSI FC-PI-2	ANSI FC-PI-2	
Laser type	VCSEL	Fabry-Perot	DFB	DFB	
Eye safety	Class 1	Class 1	Class 1	Class 1	
Connector	LC	LC	LC	LC	
Transceiver type	SFP	SFP	SFP	SFP	
FC-10X Wavelength (nm)	850	1310	1310	1550	1550
Tx level (dBm)	−5 to −1	0.5 max	-6 to -1	-1 to 2	0 to 4
Rx level sensitivity (dBm)	-11.1	-12.6	-14.4	-16	-23
Maximum reach	300 m on 50/125 μm MMF	10 km	10 km	40 km	80 km
	30 m on 62.5/125 μm MMF				
Transmission bit rate (Gbit/s)	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
Reception bit rate (Gbit/s)	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5
Tx operational wavelength range (nm)	840 to 860	1260 to 1355	1290 to 1330	1530 to 1565	1530 to 1565
Measurement accuracy (uncertainty)					
Frequency (ppm)	±4.6	±4.6	±4.6	±4.6	±4.6
Optical power (dB)	±2	±2	±2	±2	±2
Max Rx before damage (dBm)	6	6	6	2	4
litter compliance	ANSI FC-PI-3	ANSI FC-PI-3	ANSI FC-PI-3	ANSI FC-PI-3	ANSI FC-PI-3
FC classification	ANSI FC-PI-3	ANSI FC-PI-3	ANSI FC-PI-3	ANSI FC-PI-3	ANSI FC-PI-3
Laser type	VCSEL	DFB	DFB	EML	EML
Eye safety	Class 1	Class 1	Class 1	Class 1	Class 1
		10	LC	LC	LC
Connector Transceiver type	LC XFP	LC XFP	XFP	XFP	XFP

a. Values in the table correspond to FC-1 rate. For FC-2, maximum reach is 300 m on 50/125 μm MMF and 150 m on 62.5/125 μm MMF. For FC-4, maximum reach is 150 m on 50/125 μm MMF and 70 m on 62.5/125 μm MMF.

Fibre Channel Functional Specifications

BERT	Unframed, framed FC-1, framed, FC-2		
Patterns (BERT)	PRBS 2E31-1, 2E23-1, 2E20-1, 2E15-1, 2E11-1, 2E9-1 CSPAT, CRPAT, CJTPAT, and 10 user-defined 32 bits patterns		
Error insertion	Bit error, symbol error, oversize error, CRC error, undersize error and block error		
Error measurement	Bit error, symbol error, oversize error, CRC error, undersize error and block error		
Alarm insertion	LOS, pattern loss		
Alarm detection	LOS, pattern loss		
Buffer-to-buffer credit testing	Buffer-to-buffer credit estimation based on latency		
Latency	Round-trip latency measurement		
	ND MEASUREMENT FUNCTIONS (1X, 2X, 4X AND 10X) Supports optical power measurement displayed in dRm		
Power measurement	Supports optical power measurement, displayed in dBm.		
Power measurement Frequency measurement	Supports optical power measurement, displayed in dBm. Supports clock frequency measurements (i.e., received frequency and deviation of the input signal clock from nominal frequency).		
Power measurement	Supports optical power measurement, displayed in dBm.		

Additional Specifications

FTB-8120NGE a		FTB-8130NGE ^a		
Next-generation SONET/SDH 2.5 G	bit/s and OTN 2.7 Gbit/s	Next-generation SONET/SDH 10 Gbit/s and OTN 10.7 Gbit/s		
Supports up to 2.5/2.7 Gbit/s optical rates, as well as electrical DSn/PDH interfaces		Supports up to 10/10.7 Gbit/s optical rates, as well as electrical DSn/PDH interfaces		
Test Interfaces				
OTN: OTU1 (2.7 Gbit/s)		OTN: OTU1 (2.7 Gbit/s), OTU2 (10.7 Gbit/s)		
		OTU1e (11.0491 Gbit/s), OTU2e (11.0957 Gbit/s)		
		OTU1f (11.2701 Gbit/s), OTU2f (11.3176 Gbit/s)		
SONET: STS-1e, STS-3e, OC-3, OC	C-12, OC-48	SONET: STS-1e, STS-3e, OC-3, OC-12, OC-48, OC-192		
SDH: STM-0e, STM-1e, STM-0, STM	M-4, STM-16	SDH: STM-0e, STM-1e, STM-0, STM-4, STM-16, STM-64		
DSn: DS1, DS3, Dual DS1 Rx, Dual	DS3 Rx	DSn: DS1, DS3, Dual DS1 Rx, Dual DS3 Rx		
PDH: E1, E2, E3, E4		PDH: E1, E2, E3, E4		
Ethernet: 10/100/1000M electrical a	and 100/1000M optical	Ethernet: 10/100/1000M electrical, 100/1000M optical and 10 GigE LAN/WAN		
FC: 1x, 2x, 4x		FC: 1x, 2x, 4x, 10x		
05 155 AL 05501510 A	510.110			
GENERAL SPECIFICAT	TIONS			
	FTB-8120NGE	FTB-8130NGE		
Weight (without transceiver)	0.9 kg (2.0 lb)	0.9 kg (2.0 lb)		
Size (H x W x D)	96 mm x 51 mm x 288 mm (3 3/8 in x 2 in x 11 3/8 in)	96 mm x 51 mm x 288 mm (3 ³ / ₈ in x 2 in x 11 ³ / ₈ in)		
Temperature				
operating	0 °C to 40 °C (32 °F to 104 °F)	0 °C to 40 °C (32 °F to 104 °F)		
storage	-40 °C to 60 °C (-40 °F to 140 °F)	-40 °C to 60 °C (-40 °F to 140 °F)		

NOTE

a. Modules can also be purchased as FTB-8120NGE-FLEX and FTB-8130NGE-FLEX, which provides maximum configuration flexibility, allowing all rates and options shown in "Ordering Information" to be ordered individually.

ORDERING INFORMATION

FTB-81XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XXX-XX Model ■ Transceivers XFP test port a See models listed in previous page 00 = Without XFP telecom FTB-81900 = Multirate (10-11.3 Gbit/s) optical XFP transceiver module SONET/SDH Rate Options with LC connector; 1310 nm; 10 km reach 155 = 155 Mbit/s (OC-3/STM-1) FTB-81901= Multirate (10/10.7 Gbit/s) optical XFP transceiver module 622 = 622 Mbit/s (OC-12/STM-4) with LC connector; 1550 nm; 40 km reach 2.5G = 2.5 Gbit/s (OC-48/STM-16) FTB-81902 = Multirate (10/10.7 Gbit/s) optical XFP transceiver module 10G = 10G Gbit/s (OC-192/STM-64) a with LC connector; 1550 nm; 80 km reach OTN Rate Options ■ FTB-85900 = 10GBase-SR/-SW (850 nm, LAN/WAN PHY) OTU1 = OTN optical rate 2.7 Gbit/s LC connectors; optical XFP transceiver module OTU2 = OTN optical rate 10.7 Gbit/s a FTB-85901 = 10GBase-LR/-LW (1310 nm, LAN/WAN PHY) OTU2-1e-2e = OTN optical rates 11.0491/ 11.0957 Gbit/s a LC connectors; optical XFP transceiver module OTU2-1f-2f = OTN optical rates 11.2701 Gbit/s and 11.3176 Gbit/s a FTB-85902 = 10GBase-ER/-EW (1550 nm, LAN/WAN PHY) Ethernet Rate Options ■ LAN/WAN 10GigE = 10 GigE LAN/WAN b 10M/100M/1000M = 10/100/1000Base and GigE optical LC connectors; optical XFP transceiver module 100M-O-AP = 100M optical ■ Transceivers SFP Ethernet add/drop port a, i 00 = Without Ethernet add/drop Fibre Channel Rate Options ■ FTB-8190 = Multirate (155/622 Mbit/s, 2.5/2.7 Gbit/s, GigE/FC/2FC) optical X = 1X Fibre Channel interface SFP transceiver module with LC connector; 1310 nm; 15 km reach FC2X = 2X Fibre Channel interface Multirate (155/622 Mbit/s, 2.5/2.7 Gbit/s, GigE/FC/2FC) optical FC4X = 4X Fibre Channel interface SFP transceiver module with LC connector; 1310 nm; 40 km reach FC10X = 10X Fibre Channel interface a FTB-8192 = Multirate (155/622 Mbit/s, 2.5/2.7 Gbit/s, GigE/FC/2FC) optical SONET/SDH Options ■ SFP transceiver module with LC connector; 1550 nm; 80 km reach SONET = SONET-BASE-SW FTB-8193 = Multirate (155/622 Mbit/s, 2.5/2.7 Gbit/s, GigE/FC/2FC) optical SDH = SDH-BASE-SW SFP transceiver module with LC connector; 1550 nm; 40 km reach SONET-SDH = Software option for combined SONET/SDH functionality GigE/FC/2FC optical SFP transceiver module with LC connector; G.747 = E1/2M in DS3/45M analysis, as per ITU-T G.747 recommendation 850 nm; MMF, <500 m reach DS1-FDL = DS1 facility data-link generation/analysis $\label{eq:FTB-8591} \textbf{FTB-8591} = \textbf{GigE/FC/2FC} \text{ optical SFP transceiver module with LC connector;}$ DS3-FEAC = DS3 far-end alarms and loopback code words 1310 nm: 10 km reach DUAL RX = Dual receiver testing mode for DS1 and DS3 interfaces FTB-8592 = GigE/FC/2FC optical SFP transceiver module with LC connector; TCM = Tandem connection monitoring 1550 nm; 90 km reach INTR-THRU-MODE = SONET/SDH intrusive Through mode SMARTMODE = Real-time signal discovery and alarm/error monitoring per channel ■ Transceivers SFP test port ^a OTN Options 00 = SFP test portODUMUX = ODU MUX functionality a, c FTB-8190 = Multirate (155/622 Mbit/s, 2.5/2.7 Gbit/s, GigE/FC/2FC) optical SFP ODU0 = ODU0 mapping d ODUflex = ODUflex functionality e transceiver module with LC connector; 1310 nm; 15 km reach FTB-8191 = Multirate (155/622 Mbit/s, 2.5/2.7 Gbit/s, GigE/FC/2FC) optical SFP OTN-INTR-THRU = OTN intrusive Through mode d transceiver module with LC connector; 1310 nm; 40 km reach **EoOTN** = Ethernet-over-OTN functionality FTB-8192 = Multirate (155/622 Mbit/s, 2.5/2.7 Gbit/s, GigE/FC/2FC) optical SFP OTU2-GFP-F = 10GigE LAN mapping into ODU2 using GFP-F transceiver module with LC connector; 1550 nm; 80 km reach FTB-8193 = Multirate (155/622 Mbit/s, 2.5/2.7 Gbit/s, GigE/FC/2FC) optical SFP Next-Generation options ■ HO-VCAT = High-order virtual concatenation transceiver module with LC connector; 1550 nm; 40 km reach LO-VCAT = Low-order virtual concatenation FTB-85910 ^j = 100Base-FX (1310 nm) MM, LC connectors; optical SFP LCAS = Link capacity adjustment scheme ^g transceiver module for FTB-8510B Packet Blazer GFP-F = Generic framing procedure-framed FTB-85911 ^j = 100Base-LX (1310 nm) SM, LC connectors; EoS = Ethernet-over-SONET/SDH h optical SFP transceiver module for FTB-8510B Packet Blazer FTB-85912 i = SFP modules GigE/FC/2FC/4FC at 850 nm, MMF, <500 m Ethernet Options FTB-85913 i = SFP modules GigE/FC/2FC/4FC at 1310 nm, SMF, <4 km 100optical = 100 Mbit/s optical Ethernet FTB-85914 i = SFP modules GigE/FC/2FC/4FC at 1310 nm, SMF, <30 km Frame-Analyzer = Multiple stream generation and analysis PBB-TE = PBB-TE testing FTB-85915 i = SFP modules GigE/FC/2FC/4FC at 1550 nm, SMF, <40 km MPLS = MPLS testing Adv_filtering = Advanced filtering capabilities a. Applies only to FTB-8130NGE, except the FTB-8130NGE-2.5G. IPv6 = IPv6 testing capabilities TCP-THPUT= TCP throughput testing EtherSAM = EtherSAM (Y.156sam) testing b. Applies only to FTB-8130NGE and FTB-8130NGE-2.5G. Must be combined with the OTU1 and OTU2 options.

- d. Must be combined with the OTU1 or OTU2 option.
- Applicable for FTB-8130NGE modules only (except the FTB-8130NGE-2.5G) and must be combined with the OTU2 option.
- f. Must be combined with the OTU2-1e-2e or OTU2-GFP-F or ODU0 option.
- g. Must be combined with the HO-VCAT or LO-VCAT option.
- h. Must be combined with the GFP-F option.
- Available with 4x Fibre Channel interface only
- Multiple options can be purchased to suit the required test

Example: FTB-8120NGE-SONET-SDH-155-622-2.5G-OTU1-HO-VCAT-8190-8590

Data_Capture = Data capture and decode capabilities TRAFFIC-SCAN = VLAN/MPLS traffic scan

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