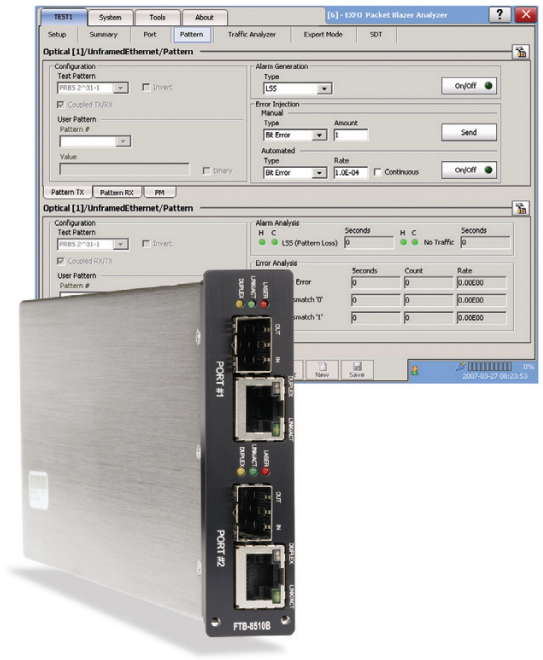
FTB-8510B

Packet Blazer

NETWORK TESTING–TRANSPORT AND DATACOM



Fully integrated test solution for performance assessment of Ethernet transport networks

- Complete EtherSAM™ (ITU-T Y.156sam) test suite. EtherSAM is the new standard for testing Ethernet mobile backhaul and commercial services
- Throughput, back-to-back, latency and frame loss measurements as per RFC 2544 (bidirectional results)
- Multistream generation and analysis, allowing quality of service (QoS) verification through VLAN and ToS/DSCP prioritization testing
- True wire-speed, stateful TCP throughput test for undisputable SLA reinforcement for Ethernet services
- IPTV testing and analysis
- Up to 1 Gbit/s full-line-rate data capture and decode
- Complete Carrier Ethernet services portfolio: PBB-TE (MAC-in-MAC), MPLS, MPLS-TP, 802.3ah and IPv4/IPv6
- 1x and 2x Fibre Channel testing

MEF
METRO ETHERNET FORUM

COMPLETE IPv6 TESTING

Platform Compatibility

- FTB-500 Platform
- FTB-200 Compact Platform

EtherSAM

EXFO | Assessing Next-Gen Networks

Assessing the Performance of Ethernet Services

EXFO's FTB-8510B Packet Blazer™ brings performance assurance to Ethernet-based services. Its wide range of test functionalities provides all the necessary measurement tools for verifying service-level agreements (SLAs) between service providers and their customers.

The FTB-8510B module tests connectivity in its native format: 10/100/1000Base-T, 100Base-FX, 100Base-LX, 1000Base-SX, 1000Base-LX and 1000Base-ZX for today's Ethernet services. The FTB-8510B module is the ideal tool for turning-up and troubleshooting Ethernet-based mobile backhaul, commercial and wholesale services.

Combined with its rack-mounted manufacturing/R&D-environment counterpart, the IQS-8510B Packet Blazer, the FTB-8510B simplifies and speeds up the deployment of Ethernet services.

The FTB-8510B Packet Blazer Ethernet Test Module can be housed in the FTB-200 Compact Platform. Also shown in the platform, is the FTB-8510G Packet Blazer 10 Gigabit Ethernet Test Module.

The FTB-8510B Packet Blazer Ethernet Test Module can also be combined in the FTB-500 Platform with the FTB-8510G Packet Blazer 10 Gigabit Ethernet Test Module and the FTB-8130 Transport Blazer Next-Generation SONET/SDH Test Module.

Key Features

- Complete EtherSAM™ (ITU-T Y.156sam) test suite allowing full validation of today's Ethernet services (bidirectional results through dual test set)*
- Throughput, back-to-back, latency and frame loss measurements as per RFC 2544 (bidirectional results through dual test set)
- Multistream generation and analysis, providing per-stream measurements for throughput, latency, frame loss and packet jitter
- True wire-speed and stateful TCP throughput testing
- PBB-TE and MPLS support for Carrier Ethernet
- Up to 1 Gbit/s full-line-rate data capture and decode
- IPTV testing and analysis
- Dual port capability for simultaneous traffic generation and reception at 100 % wire speed for 10/100/1000Base-T, 100Base-FX, 100Base-LX, 1000Base-SX, 1000Base-LX or 1000Base-ZX full-duplex networks at all packet sizes
- Ethernet in the First Mile 802.3ah testing
- Fibre Channel 1x and 2x test suite
- Remote control capability through Visual Guardian Lite and VNC software
- Configurable advanced filters for in-depth network troubleshooting
- Service disruption time measurement
- IPv6 testing

** Patent pending*

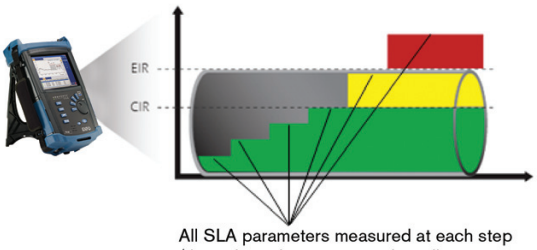
EtherSAM: The New Standard in Ethernet Testing

ITU-T Y.156sam is the newly introduced draft standard for turning-up and troubleshooting Carrier Ethernet services. This new methodology is completely adapted to today's Ethernet services especially mobile backhaul and commercial services. Up to now, RFC 2544 has been the most widely used methodology. However, it was designed for network device testing in the lab, not for services testing in the field. Y.156sam is the first testing standard developed for the field. It has a number of advantages over the RFC 2544 including validation of critical SLA criteria such as packet jitter and QoS measurements. This methodology is also significantly faster, therefore saving time and resources while optimizing QoS.

Contrary to other methodologies, EtherSAM supports new multiservice offerings. It can simulate all types of services that will run on the network and simultaneously qualify all key SLA parameters for each of these services. Moreover, it validates the QoS mechanisms provisioned in the network to prioritize the different service types, resulting in more accurate validation and much faster deployment and troubleshooting. EtherSAM is comprised of two phases, the Network Configuration Test and the Service Test.

Network Configuration Test

The Network Configuration Test consists in sequentially testing each service. It validates that the service is properly provisioned and that all specific KPIs or SLA parameters are met.



All SLA parameters measured at each step (throughput, latency, frame loss, jitter, OOS, pass/fail result)

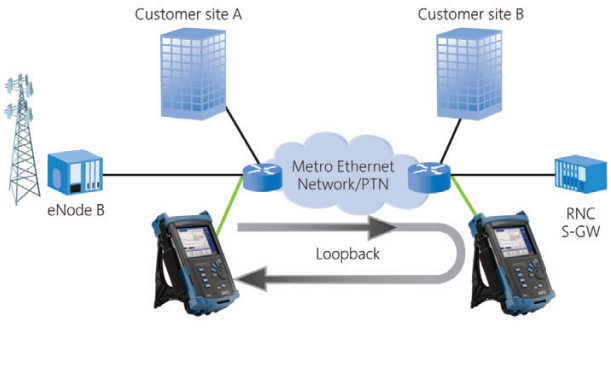
Service Test

Once the configuration of each individual service is validated, the Service Test simultaneously validates the quality of all the services over time.

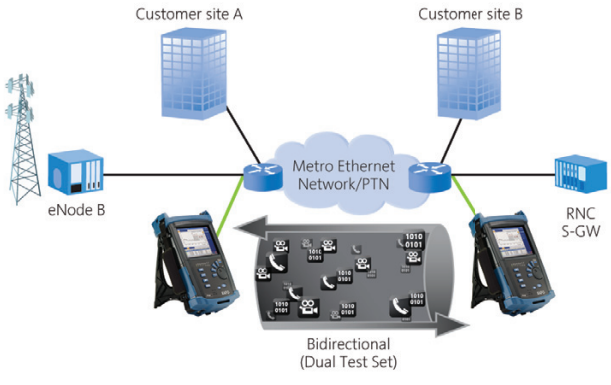
All SLA parameters measured at each service (throughput, latency, frame loss, jitter, OOS, pass/fail result)

EtherSAM Bidirectional Results

EXFO's EtherSAM approach proves even more powerful as it executes the complete ITU-T Y.156sam test with bidirectional measurements. Key SLA parameters are measured independently in each test direction, thus providing 100 % first-time-right service activation–that is the highest level of confidence in service testing.



Round-trip results only

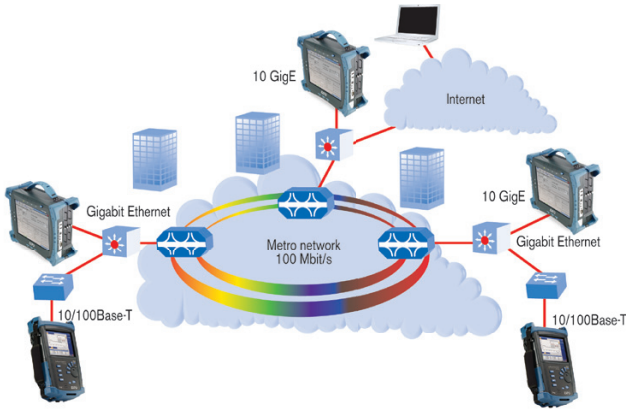


Simultaneous independant results for each test direction for individual service

RFC 2544 Test Suite

The FTB-8510B Packet Blazer can perform the RFC 2544 test suite for 10/100/1000M interfaces at all frame sizes and at full line rate, allowing the provider to certify that the circuit is efficient and error-free at 100 % utilization. More importantly, when in dual test set mode, the Packet Blazer allows bidirectional testing, providing independent RFC 2544 test results for each direction (local to remote and remote to local) simultaneously. This is especially important when testing Ethernet services as traffic from each direction often takes different paths in the network. Performance results can therefore vary depending on the direction.

The Packet Blazer supports automated RFC 2544 testing, including throughput, latency, burst (back-to-back) and frame loss. Automation also provides ease of use for field technicians by enabling accurate, efficient measurements and results through a clear and simple pass/fail indication. In addition, the Packet Blazer generates reports that can be given to customers for future reference related to their specific SLAs.



Testing can be performed end-to-end or end-to-core, depending on the SLA. Remote testing is also possible.

Efficient Testing Leads to Reliable Performance

TCP Throughput

The Internet protocol (IP) and transmission control protocol (TCP) together form the essence of TCP/IP networking. While IP deals with the delivery of packets, TCP provides the integrity and assurance that the data packets transmitted by one host are reliably received at the destination. Applications such as hypertext transfer protocol (HTTP), e-mail or file transfer protocol (FTP) depend on TCP as their delivery assurance mechanism within networks.

Customers deploying such applications expect not only physical and link level SLAs from their service providers, but assurance that their TCP traffic requirements will be supported across the network. The TCP throughput feature on the Packet Blazer™ offers Ethernet service providers the capability of measuring and validating that the services offered to their customers support the TCP traffic performance they expect.

MPLS, MPLS-TP and PBB-TE: Carrier Ethernet Transport Solution Testing

As technologically-sophisticated business and residential consumers continue to drive demand for premium, high-bandwidth data services such as voice and video, service providers worldwide are evolving their transport infrastructures to support these bandwidth and quality intensive services. No longer is an all-IP core sufficient; providers must now expand their IP convergence to the edge/metro network, in a cost-effective, quality-assured manner. Ethernet has long been accepted as an inexpensive, scalable data networking solution in LAN environments. The stringent QoS expectations require solutions that tap into the cost-effectiveness of Ethernet without sacrificing the benefits of connection-oriented (albeit it costly) TDM solutions such as SONET/SDH.

Ethernet tunneling technologies such as Provider Backbone Bridge-Traffic Engineering or PBB-TE (also referred to as PBT) and transport MPLS address these requirements. These technologies enable connection-oriented Ethernet, providing carriers with a means of offering scalable, reliable and resilient Ethernet services. The PBB-TE and MPLS options on the FTB-8510B Packet Blazer offer service providers a comprehensive field tool to efficiently qualify Ethernet services from end-to-end, validating metro and core tunneling technologies.

Ethernet Advanced Troubleshooting

The FTB-8510B provides a number of advanced features essential for in-depth troubleshooting in the event of network failures or impairments. The advanced filtering option allows the user to configure up to ten filters each with up to four operands, which will be applied to the received Ethernet traffic. Detailed statistics are available for each configured filter providing the user with critical information required to pinpoint specific problems. Additionally, the FTB-8510B supports a traffic scan feature that allows quick identification and monitoring of VLAN and MPLS flows on the network. This can help clearly identify top bandwidth users.

The FTB-8510B also supports full-line-rate data capture and decode. This key troubleshooting tool enables field technicians to easily identify complex network issues. The comprehensive capture feature includes the capability to configure capture filters and triggers to quickly zero-in on network events.

IPTV Testing and Analysis

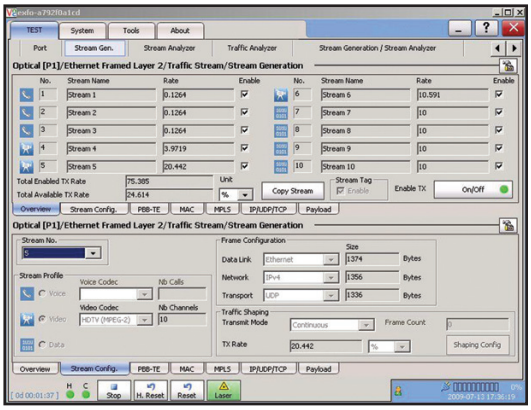
The IPTV software option, available on the FTB-8510B, leverages the current frame-analysis engine, delivering high performing measurement capabilities and providing users with over 45 different IPTV metrics and statistics in a powerful portable IPTV test platform. The key features and capabilities provided with this software option include RFC 4445 media delivery index (MDI), TR 101 290 priority 1 metrics in addition to program clock reference jitter, IGMP support, stream rate and bandwidth utilization on 100 simultaneous MPEG-2, MPEG-4 or VC-1 streams. Usability features include user-configurable alarm thresholds for MDI and other selected metrics, enabling customizable test sequences as well as an auto-stream detection capability that automatically discovers valid IPTV streams within the Ethernet layer. Additionally, stream IP addresses can be linked to a user-definable stream name through an alias table typically containing the name of the broadcast channel.

The combination of the portable FTB-500 platform and the FTB-8510B Packet Blazer with the IPTV software option offers service providers the most effective tool to quickly and efficiently test and monitor IPTV streams over their network. For more information on the FTB-8510B Packet Blazer IPTV option, please refer to the IPTV Test Option specification sheet.

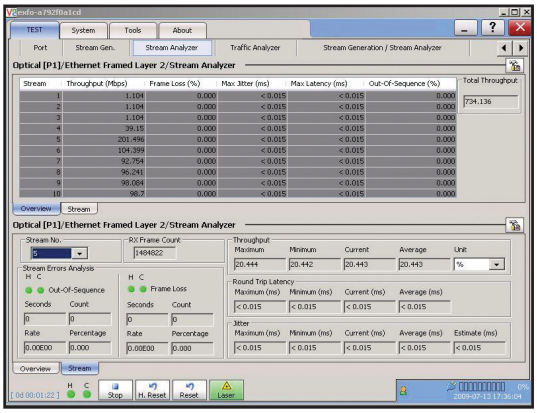
EtherBERT™

Ethernet is increasingly carried across a variety of layer 1 media over longer distances. This creates a growing need for the certification of Ethernet transport on a bit-per-bit basis, which can be done using bit-error-rate testing (BERT).

BERT uses a pseudo-random binary sequence (PRBS) encapsulated into an Ethernet frame, making it possible to go from a frame-based error measurement to a bit-error-rate measurement. This provides the bit-per-bit error count accuracy required for acceptance testing of physical-medium transport systems. BERT-over-Ethernet should usually be used when Ethernet is carried transparently over layer 1 media, in cases such as Ethernet over DWDM, CWDM or dark fiber.



Multistream bandwidth profiles.



Statistics for each stream.

Ethernet QoS Measurements

Data services are making a significant shift toward supporting a variety of applications on the same network. Multiservice offerings such as triple-play services have fuelled the need for QoS testing to ensure the condition and reliability of each service and fully qualify SLA parameters. The FTB-8510B Packet Blazer allows service providers to simultaneously simulate and qualify different applications through its multistream application. The user has the capability to configure up to ten streams with different Ethernet and IP QoS parameters such as VLAN ID (802.1Q), VLAN Priority (802.1p), VLAN stacking (802.1ad Q-in-Q), ToS and DSCP. Specific stream profiles to transmit VoIP, video and data can be selected for each stream. Throughput, latency, frame loss and packet jitter (RFC 3393) measurements are also available simultaneously for each stream, allowing fast and in-depth qualification of all SLA criteria.

Fibre Channel Network Integrity Testing

EXFO's FTB-8510B Packet Blazer module also supports comprehensive Fibre Channel testing.

Interfaces

This module supports the following Fibre Channel interfaces:

INTERFACE	RATE
1x	1.0625 Gbit/s
2x	2.125 Gbit/s

Applications

Since most storage area networks cover large distances and Fibre Channel has stringent performance attributes that must be respected, testing at each phase of network deployment is imperative to ensure appropriate service levels. EXFO's FTB-8510B Fibre Channel option provides full wire-speed traffic generation at FC-0, FC-1 and FC-2 logical layers, allowing BER testing for link integrity measurements. Latency, buffer-to-buffer credit measurements for optimization, and login capabilities are also supported.

Buffer-to-Buffer Credit Estimation

Buffer-to-buffer credits are part of the flow control engine for Fibre Channel connections. This is a crucial configuration parameter for optimal network performance. Usually, network administrators calculate the value by taking the traveled distance and the data rate into consideration. However, since latency issues are not considered, poor accuracy is to be expected. The FTB-8510B module is capable of estimating buffer-to-buffer credit values with respect to latency by calculating the distance according to the round-trip latency time.

Latency

Transmission of frames in a network is not instantaneous and is subject to multiple delays caused by the propagation delay in the fiber and by processing time inside each piece of network equipment. Latency is the total accumulation of delays between two endpoints. Some applications such as VoIP, video and storage area networks are very sensitive to excess latency. It is therefore critical for service providers to properly characterize network latency when offering Fibre Channel services. From the latency measurement that they perform, the FTB-8510B Packet Blazer estimates buffer-to-buffer credit value requirements.

Ethernet Interfaces

OPTICAL INTERFACES

Optical interfaces	Two ports at 100M and GigE				
Available wavelengths (nm)	850, 1310 and 1550				
	100Base-FX	**100Base-LX**	**1000Base-SX**	**1000Base-LX**	**1000Base-ZX**
Wavelength (nm)	1310	1310	850	1310	1550
Tx level (dBm)	–20 to –15	–15 to –8	–9 to –3	–9.5 to –3	0 to 5
Rx level sensitivity (dBm)	–31	–28	–20	–22	–22
Maximum reach	2 km	15 km	550 m	10 km	80 km
Transmission bit rate (Gbit/s)	0.125	0.125	1.25	1.25	1.25
Reception bit rate (Gbit/s)	0.125	0.125	1.25	1.25	1.25
Tx operational wavelength range (nm)	1280 to 1380	1261 to 1360	830 to 860	1270 to 1360	1540 to 1570
Measurement accuracy (uncertainty)					
Frequency (ppm)	±4.6	±4.6	±4.6	±4.6	±4.6
Optical power (dB)	±2	±2	±2	±2	±2
Maximum Rx before damage (dBm)	3	3	6	6	6
Jitter compliance	ANSI X3.166	IEEE 802.3	IEEE 802.3	IEEE 802.3	–
Ethernet classification	ANSI X3.166	IEEE 802.3	IEEE 802.3	IEEE 802.3	–
Laser type	LED	FP	VCSEL	FP	DFB
Eye safety	Class 1	Class 1	Class 1	Class 1	Class 1
Connector	LC	LC	LC	LC	LC
Transceiver type	SFP	SFP	SFP	SFP	SFP

ELECTRICAL INTERFACES

Electrical interfaces	Two ports 10/100BaseT half/full duplex, 1000BaseT [a] full duplex. Straight/crossover cable selection.		
	10Base-T	**100Base-T**	**1000Base-T**
Tx bit rate	10 Mbit/s	125 Mbit/s	1 Gbit/s
Tx accuracy (uncertainty) (ppm)	±100	±100	±100
Rx bit rate	10 Mbit/s	125 Mbit/s	1 Gbit/s
Rx measurement accuracy (uncertainty) (ppm)	±4.6	±4.6	±4.6
Duplex mode	Half and full duplex	Half and full duplex	Full duplex
Jitter compliance	IEEE 802.3	IEEE 802.3	IEEE 802.3
Connector	RJ-45	RJ-45	RJ-45
Maximum reach (m)	100	100	100

Note

a. Available as a software option.

Ethernet Functional Specifications

TESTING

EtherSAM (Y.156sam)	Capability to perform the Network Configuration Test and Service Test as per ITU-T Y.156sam. Tests can be performed to a loopback or dual test set mode for bidirectional results.
RFC 2544	Throughput, back-to-back, frame loss and latency measurements according to RFC 2544 (bidirectional). Frame size: RFC-defined sizes, user-configurable (bidirectional).
BERT	Unframed. Layer 1 to layer 4 with or without VLAN Q-in-Q.
Patterns (BERT)	PRBS 2E9-1, PRBS 2E11-1, PRBS 2E15-1, PRBS 2E20-1, PRBS 2E23-1, PRBS 2E31-1, CRPAT, CSPAT, CJTPAT, Short CRTPAT, Long CRTPAT and up to 10 user patterns. Capability to invert patterns.
Error insertion (BERT)	FCS, bit and symbol.
Error measurement	Jabber/giant, runt, undersize, oversize, FCS, symbol, idle, carrier sense, alignment, collision, late collision, excessive collision, UDP, TCP and IP header checksum.
Error measurement (BERT)	Bit error, symbol error, idle error, bit mismatch 0, bit mismatch 1, performance monitoring (G.821 and G.826).
Alarm insertion (BERT)	LOS, pattern loss.
Alarm detection	LOS, link down, pattern loss, no traffic.
Service disruption time measurement (BERT)	Defect or No Traffic mode. Disruption time statistics include shortest, longest, last, average, total and count.
Multistream generation	Capability to transmit up to ten streams. Configuration parameters are: packet size, transmission mode (N-Frames, Burst, N-Burst, Ramp, N-Ramp and Continuous), MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TTL, UDP/TCP source/destination port and payload. Selectable predefined stream profiles for voice, video and data streams. VoIP codecs (G.711, G.723, G.729), video (MPEG-2 SDTV, MPEG-2 HDTV, MPEG-4 HDTV).
Multistream analysis	Capability to analyze packet jitter, latency, throughput, frame loss and out-of-sequence per-stream statistics.
VLAN stacking (Q-in-Q)	Capability to generate streams with up to three layers of VLAN (including IEEE802.1ad Q-in-Q tagged VLAN) and to filter received traffic by VLAN ID or VLAN priority at any of the stacked VLAN layers.
PBB-TE [a]	Capability to generate and analyze streams with PBB-TE data traffic including configuration of B-MAC (source and destination), B-VLAN and I-tag (as per 802.1ah) and to filter received traffic by any of these fields.
MPLS [a]	Capability to generate and analyze streams with up to two layers of MPLS labels and to filter received traffic by MPLS label or COS.
IPv6 [a]	Capability to perform BERT, RFC 2544, traffic generation and analysis and Smart Loopback tests over IPv6. Ping, traceroute, neighbor discovery and stateless auto-configuration.
Traffic filtering	Capability to analyze the incoming traffic and provide statistics according to a set of up to ten configurable filters. Filters can be configured for MAC source/destination address, VLAN ID, VLAN priority, IP source/destination address, ToS field, DSCP field, TCP source/destination port and UDP source/destination port. VLAN filtering can be applied to any of the stacked VLAN layers.
Ethernet statistics	Multicast, broadcast, unicast, N-unicast, pause frame, frame size distribution, bandwidth, utilization, frame rate, frame loss, out-of-sequence frames, in-sequence frames.
Packet jitter statistics	Delay variation statistics (ms) – min., max., last, average, jitter measurement estimate.
Flow control injection	Packet pause time.
Flow control statistics	Pause time, last pause time, max. pause time, min. pause time, paused frames, abort frames, frames Tx, frames Rx.
Advanced auto-negotiation	Capability to auto-negotiate the rate, duplex and flow control capabilities with another Ethernet port. Configurable auto-negociation parameters. Display of link partner capabilities. Fault injection: offline, link failure, auto-negotiation error.
Advanced filtering [a]	Capability to enhance the filters with up to four fields each, that can be combined with AND/OR/NOT operations. A mask is also provided for each field value to allow for wildcards. Complete statistics are gathered for each defined filter.
Through mode [a]	Capability to test in Through/Pass Through mode.
Data capture [a]	Capability to perform 10/100/1000M full-line-rate data capture and decode. Capability to configure detailed capture filters and triggers as well as capture slicing parameters.
Traffic scan [a]	Capability to scan incoming live traffic and auto-discover all VLAN/VLAN Priority and MPLS ID/COS flows. Capability to provide statistics for each flow including frame count and bandwidth.

Note

a. Available as a software option.

Ethernet Functional Specifications (Cont'd)

ADDITIONAL TEST AND MEASUREMENT FUNCTIONS

Power measurement	Supports optical power measurement, displayed in dBm.
Frequency measurement	Supports clock frequency measurements (i.e., received frequency and deviation of the input signal clock from nominal frequency).
Frequency offset measurement	
Range	±120 ppm
Resolution	1 ppm
Accuracy (uncertainty)	±4.6 ppm
Frequency offset generation	
Range	±120 ppm
Resolution	1 ppm
Accuracy (uncertainty)	±4.6 ppm
Dual test set	Performs end-to-end, bidirectional performance testing (as required by leading standards bodies)—remote Packet Blazer controlled via the LAN connection under test.
DHCP client	Capability to connect to a DHCP server to obtain its IP address and subnet mask for connecting on to the network.
Smart Loopback	Capability to return traffic to the local unit by swapping packet overhead up to layer 4 of the OSI stack.
TCP throughput measurements [a]	Capability to evaluate TCP throughput and to provide performance results and statistics: window size with corresponding throughput, number of transmitted and re-transmitted segments, round-trip time.
IPTV testing and analysis [a, b]	Capability to measure and auto-discover 100 IPTV streams and provide IPTV statistics on a per stream basis: MDI (RFC 4445), PCR jitter (TR 101 290 priority 1) transmission rate, instantaneous rate, percentage of utilization, virtual buffer size, UDP/IP port number, packet size and packet count, threshold alarm reporting and alias table. Also supports IGMPv2.
802.3ah OAM testing [a]	Capability to test Ethernet OAM as per IEEE 802.3ah including connection establishment, OAM protocol statistics and loopback control.
IP tools	Capability to perform ping and traceroute functions.

ADDITIONAL FEATURES

Expert mode	Ability to set thresholds in RFC 2544 and BERT mode to provide a pass/fail status.
Scripting [b]	The built-in Visual Basic .NET scripting engine and embedded macrorecorder provide a simple means of automating test cases and routines. Embedded scripting routines provide a powerful means of creating advanced test scripts.
Event logger	Supports logging of test results, and the ability to print, export (to a file) or export the information contained in the logging tool.
Power up and restore	In the event of a power failure to the unit, the active test configuration and results are saved and restored upon bootup.
Save and load configuration	Ability to store and load test configurations to/from non-volatile memory.
Configurable test views [b]	Allows users to customize their test views; i.e., to dynamically insert or remove test tabs/windows, in addition to creating new test windows, so as to accurately match their testing needs.
Report generation	Ability to generate test reports in the following user-selectable formats: .pdf, .html, .txt and .csv.
Screen capturing	Capability to gather a snap-shot of the screen for future use.
Logger printing [c]	Capability to send logger messages to a supported local printer.
Graph	Allows to graphically display the test statistics of the performance (RFC 2544) and frame analysis tests.
Configurable test timer	Allows the user to set a specific start and stop time for tests.
Remote control	Remote control through Visual Guardian Lite software or VNC.
Test favorites	Capability to select and load from predefined or user-modified test configurations.

Notes

a. Available as a software option.

b. Available on the FTB-500 and IQS-600 platforms only.

c. Available on the FTB-200 platform only.

Fibre Channel Interfaces

FC-1X/2X

Wavelength (nm)	850	1310	1550
Tx level (dBm)	–9 to –3	–9.5 to –3	0 to 5
Rx level sensitivity (dBm)	–18 at FC-2X –20 at FC-1X	–21 at FC-2X –22 at FC-1X	–21 at FC-2X –22 at FC-1X
Maximum reach	550 m on 50/125 µm MMF at FC-1X 300 m on 50/125 µm MMF at FC-2X 300 m on 62.5/125 µm MMF at FC-1X 150 m on 62.5/125 µm MMF at FC-2X	10 km	80 km
Transmission bit rate (Gbit/s)	1.0625 to 2.125	1.0625 to 2.125	1.0625 to 2.125
Reception bit rate (Gbit/s)	1.0625 to 2.125	1.0625 to 2.125	1.0625 to 2.125
Tx operational wavelength range (nm)	830 to 860	1270 to 1360	1540 to 1570
Measurement accuracy (uncertainty)			
frequency (ppm)	±4.6	±4.6	±4.6
optical power (dB)	±2	±2	±2
Maximum Rx before damage (dBm)	6	6	6
Jitter compliance	ANSI FC-PI-2	ANSI FC-PI-2	ANSI FC-PI-2
FC classification	ANSI FC-PI-2	ANSI FC-PI-2	ANSI FC-PI-2
Laser type	VCSEL	Fabry-Perot	DFB
Eye safety	Class 1	Class 1	Class 1
Connector	LC	LC	LC
Transceiver type	SFP	SFP	SFP

Fibre Channel Functional Specifications

TESTING (1X AND 2X)

BERT	Unframed, framed FC-1, framed FC-2.
Patterns (BERT)	PRBS 2E31-1, 2E23-1, 2E20-1, 2E15-1, 2E11-1, 2E9-1 CSPAT, CRPAT, CJTPAT, and 10 user-defined 32 bits patterns.
Error insertion	Bit error, symbol error, oversize error, CRC error, undersize error.
Error measurement	Bit error, symbol error, oversize error, CRC error, undersize error, performance management (G.821 and G.826).
Alarm insertion	LOS, pattern loss, link down.
Alarm detection	LOS, pattern loss, link down.
Buffer-to-buffer credit testing	Buffer-to-buffer credit estimation based on latency.
Latency	Round-trip latency measurement.

ADDITIONNAL TEST AND MEASUREMENT FUNCTIONS (1X AND 2X)

Power measurement	Support optical power measurement, displayed in dBm.
Frequency measurement	Supports clock frequency measurements (i.e., received frequency and deviation of the input signal clock from nominal frequency).
Frequency offset measurement	
Range	±120 ppm
Resolution	1 ppm
Accuracy (uncertainty)	±4.6 ppm
Frequency offset generation	
Range	±120 ppm
Resolution	1 ppm
Accuracy (uncertainty)	±4.6 ppm

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Size (H x W x D)	96 mm x 25 mm x 280 mm	(3 3/4 in x 1 in x 11 in)
Weight (without transceivers)	0.5 kg	(1.1 lb)
Temperature		
operating	0 °C to 40 °C	(32 °F to 104 °F)
storing	–40 °C to 60 °C	(–40 °F to 140 °F)

ORDERING INFORMATION

MODULE

FTB-85XX-XX

Model

FTB-8510B [a]
FTB-8510B-1 [b]
FTB-8510B-2 [c]

Other options

00 = Without other options
100 optical = 100 Mbit/s optical capability on both ports
TCP = TCP throughput measurement
IPTV_MON = IPTV testing and analysis (10 streams)
IPTV_MaxStream = IPTV testing and analysis (100 streams)
802.3ah OAM = 802.3ah OAM testing
PBB-TE = PBB-TE testing
MPLS = MPLS testing
FC = 1x and 2X Fibre Channel option
Adv_filtering = Advanced filtering capabilities
IPv6 = IPv6 testing capabilities
ETH-THRU = Through mode testing [d]
EtherSAM = EtherSAM (Y.156sam) testing capabilities
Data_Capture = Data capture and decode capabilities
TRAFFIC-SCAN = VLAN/MPLS traffic scan

Example: FTB-8510B-2-100 optical

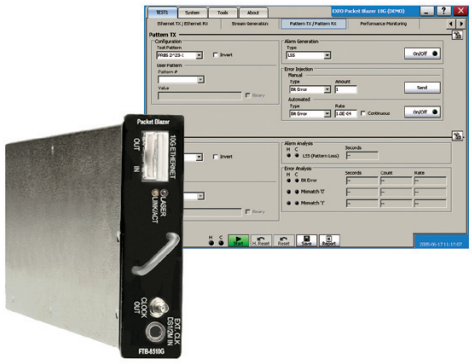
TRANSCEIVER

FTB-8590 = SFP mutirate optical transceiver module: Rates: GigE/FC/2FC 850 nm, LC, MMF, < 500 m reach
FTB-8591 = SFP mutirate optical transceiver module: Rates: GigE/FC/2FC 1310 nm, LC, 10 km reach
FTB-8592 = SFP mutirate optical transceiver module: Rates: GigE/FC/2FC 1550 nm, LC, 90 km reach
FTB-85910 = 100Base-FX (1310 nm) MM, LC connectors; optical SFP transceiver module for FTB-8510B Packet Blazer [e]
FTB-85911 = 100Base-LX (1310 nm) SM, LC connectors; optical SFP transceiver module for FTB-8510B Packet Blazer [e]

Notes

a. Provides 2x 10/100 BaseT ports.
b. Provides 2x 10/100 BaseT ports and 1x GigE port.
c. Provides 2x 10/100 BaseT ports and 2x GigE ports.
d. Requires FTB-8510-2 configuration.
e. Available with 100 optical option.

Complementary Products



FTB-8510G Packet Blazer 10 Gigabit Ethernet Test Module

Housed in the FTB-500 and FTB-200 platforms, the FTB-8510G module tests connectivity in its native format: 10GBASE-xR or 10GBASE-xW used for transport of Ethernet-based LAN-to-LAN services. It can also be used to test Next-Generation SONET/SDH, hybrid multiplexers, dark fiber or xWDM networks running 10 Gigabit Ethernet interfaces. For more information on the FTB-8510G, please refer to its detailed spec sheet at http://documents.EXFO.com/specsheets/FTB-8510G-ang.pdf.

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